## Joint Crediting Mechanism Approved Methodology VN\_AM015 "Installation of compressor control system(s) for split type air conditioner(s)"

## A. Title of the methodology

Installation of compressor control system(s) for split type air conditioner(s), Version 01.0

### **B.** Terms and definitions

Terms	Definitions		
Compressor control system(s)	A system that improves operation efficiency of split type air		
	conditioners by preventing excessive cooling through the		
	utilization of pre-programmed switching on/off schedules of		
	compressors. The pre-programmed switching on/off		
	schedules of compressors constantly monitors operation		
	status of the compressor equipped in the air conditioner		
	outdoor unit by measuring an electric current at the		
	optimum programmed timing.		
Split type air conditioner(s)	A type of air conditioner(s) allows one outdoor unit to be		
	connected with a wide variety of indoor units, including		
	wall mounted, consoles, cassette, and ducted units.		
Energy saving factor	Energy saving rate realized through pre-programmed		
	switching on/off schedules by installing compressor control		
	system for split type air conditioner(s)		

# C. Summary of the methodology

Items	Summary	
GHG emission reduction	Energy saving achieved by compressor control system(s) for	
measures	split type air conditioner(s).	
Calculation of reference	Reference emissions are calculated based on the monitored	
emissions	electricity consumption of compressor of outdoor unit in project	
	split type air conditioner(s) with compressor control system(s),	
	the project energy saving factor, and the CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor of	

	the electricity consumed by project split type air conditioner(s).				
Calculation of project	Project emissions are calculated based on the monitored				
emissions	electricity consumption of compressor of outdoor unit in project				
split type air conditioner(s) with compressor control sy					
	and the CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor of the electricity consumed by				
	project split type air conditioner(s).				
Monitoring parameters	Electricity consumption of compressor of outdoor unit in project				
	split type air conditioner(s) with installation of compressor				
	control system(s)				

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D.	Eligibility criteria	

This methodology is applicable to projects that satisfy all of the following criteria.

Criterion 1	The project installs compressor control system(s) for new and/or existing non-				
	inverter split type air conditioners utilizing electric heat pump.				
Criterion 2	The compressor control system(s) has a function to measure electric current o				
	compressor(s) at the sampling rate of 0.01 seconds or below and to estimate				
	the amount of electricity consumption of compressor(s) in non-inverter split				
	type air conditioner system(s).				

## E. Emission Sources and GHG types

Reference emissions					
Emission sources	GHG types				
Electricity consumption by compressor of outdoor unit in new and/or	$CO_2$				
existing non-inverter split type air conditioner(s) without compressor					
control system					
Project emissions					
Emission sources	GHG types				
Electricity consumption of compressor of outdoor unit in project split	$CO_2$				
type air conditioner(s) with compressor control system(s)					

### F. Establishment and calculation of reference emissions

#### F.1. Establishment of reference emissions

Reference emissions are established based on the monitored electricity consumption of compressor of outdoor unit in project split type air conditioners, the project energy saving factor, and the  $CO_2$  emission factor of the electricity consumed by project split type air conditioners.

The project energy saving factor by installation of the compressor control system(s) is determined by the following procedures to ensure net emission reductions.

Step 1: Once after the installation of the compressor control system(s) in the project activity, switch the compressor control system(s) *on(activate)* and *off(inactivate)* consecutively at the 30-minute interval at pre-programmed switching on/off schedules before starting monitoring period. Secondly take continuous measurements on electricity consumption of compressors in the air conditioners for both *on* and *off* cases at an interval of at least 0.01 second by internal functions of compressor control system(s) for at least one operating day.

Step 2: Collect measured electricity consumption data by all installed compressor control system(s) during period examined. All the data is aggregated to total electricity consumption for both *on* and *off* cases, respectively per installed compressor control system(s).

Note:

In case the number of the installed compressor control system(s) exceeds 10 units, random sampling may be conducted. The sample size can be determined in line with the latest version of "Guideline Sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programmes of activities" and "Standard Sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programmes of activities" applicable at the time of conducting the sampling. Simple random sampling can be utilized if areas where the compressor control systems are installed belong to the same region described in explanatory note 1, and if the same pre-programmed on/off switching schedules are applied to all compressor control systems installed.

Step 3: Compare electricity consumption data of all collected or sampled compressor control systems(s) for *on* and *off* cases and calculate the percentage of electricity consumption saved expressed as calculated energy saving factor of each data or sample. Calculate the energy saving factor as follows.

 $\eta_{j,pe} = \left( EC_{PJ,sys,off,j,pe} - EC_{PJ,sys,on,j,pe} \right) \div EC_{PJ,sys,off,j,pe}$ 

j	·	An index variable that is used to count the number of all or sampled compressor control system(s) which is installed to split type air conditioner(s) for determination of calculated energy saving factor.	
η <sub>j,pe</sub>	÷	Calculated energy saving factor determined by the compressor cont system $j$ which is installed to the split type air conditioner during period examined $pe$ [-]	
EC <sub>PJ,sys,on,j,pe</sub>	•	Electricity consumption of compressor measured by the compressor control system <i>j</i> which is installed to the project split type air conditioner with activating compressor energy saving control during the period examined <i>pe</i> [MWh/pe]	
EC <sub>PJ,sys,off,j,pe</sub>	·	Electricity consumption of compressor measured by the compressor control system <i>j</i> which is installed to the project split type air conditioner with inactivating compressor energy saving control system during the period examined <i>pe</i> [MWh/pe]	

Step 4: Determine the project energy saving factor with (1) averaged energy saving factor (defined as  $\eta_{ave}$ ) which is derived by averaging the calculated energy saving factor(s) and (2) standard deviation (defined as  $\sigma$ ) by every energy saving factor of split type air conditioner *j*. Project energy saving factor  $\eta$  is set as follows by subtracting standard deviation ( $\sigma$ ) from averaged energy saving factor ( $\eta_{ave}$ ) to ensure net emission reductions.

$$\eta = \eta_{ave} - \sigma$$

Where,

$$\eta_{ave} = \frac{1}{j} \sum_{j j j, pe}$$

In case of using all data,

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{1}{j} \sum_{j} (\eta_{ave} - \eta_{ave})^2}$$

In case of using sampled data,

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{1}{j-1} \sum_{j} (\eta_{ave} - \eta_{ave})^2}$$

$\eta_{ave}$	:	Averaged	energy	saving	factor	of	compressor	in	split	type	air
		conditione	r(s) [-]								
σ	:	Standard deviation of energy saving factor of compressor in split type air		e air							

		conditioner(s) [-]	
η	:	Project energy saving factor [-]	

#### F.2. Calculation of reference emissions

$$RE_p = \sum_{i=1} EC_{pJ,i,p} \div (1-) \times EF_{elec}$$
Where $RE_p$ :Reference emissions during the period  $p$  [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p] $EC_{PJ,i,p}$ :Electricity consumption of compressor of outdoor unit in project split  
type air conditioner(s)  $i$  which is installed compressor control system(s)  
during the period  $p$  [MWh/p] $i$ :An index variable that is used to count the number of all project split type  
air conditioner(s) which is installed compressor control system(s) $\eta$ :Project energy saving factor [-] $EF_{elec}$ :CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor of consumed electricity [tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh]

## G. Calculation of project emissions

$$PE_p = \sum_{i=1} EC_{PJ,i,p} \times EF_{elec}$$

Where

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V	where				
	$PE_p$	:	Project emissions during the period $p$ [tCO <sub>2</sub> /p]		
	$EC_{PJ,i,p}$	:	Electricity consumption of compressor of outdoor unit in project spl		
			type air conditioner(s) <i>i</i> which is installed compressor control system(s)		
			during the period <i>p</i> [MWh/p]		
	$EF_{elec}$	:	CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor of consumed electricity [tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh]		

### H. Calculation of emissions reductions

 $ER_p = RE_p - PE_p$ 

V	Vhere		
	$ER_p$	:	Emission reductions during the period $p$ [tCO <sub>2</sub> /p]
	$RE_p$	:	Reference emissions during the period $p$ [tCO <sub>2</sub> /p]
	$PE_p$	:	Project emissions during the period $p$ [tCO <sub>2</sub> /p]

## I. Data and parameters fixed *ex ante*

The source of each data and parameter fixed *ex ante* is listed as below.

Parameter	Description of data	Source
$EF_{elec}$	CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor of consumed electricity.	[Grid electricity]
		Ministry of Natural
	When project compressor of outdoor unit	Resources and Environment
	consume only grid electricity or captive	of Vietnam (MONRE),
	electricity, the project participant applies the	Vietnamese DNA for CDM
	CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor respectively.	unless otherwise instructed
		by the Joint Committee.
	When project compressor of outdoor unit may	
	consume both grid electricity and captive	[Captive electricity]
	electricity, the project participant applies the	For the option a)
	CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor with lower value.	Specification of the captive
		power generation system
	[CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor]	provided by the
	For grid electricity: The most recent value	manufacturer (n <sub>elec,CG</sub> [%]).
	available from the source stated in this table at	CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor of the
	the time of validation	fossil fuel type used in the
		captive power generation
	For captive electricity, it is determined based	system (EF <sub>fuel,CG</sub> [tCO <sub>2</sub> /GJ])
	on the following options:	
		For the option b)
	a) Calculated from its power generation	Generated and supplied
	efficiency ( $\eta_{elec,CG}$ [%]) obtained from	electricity by the captive
	manufacturer's specification	power generation system
	The power generation efficiency based on	$(EG_{PJ,CG,p} [MWh/p]).$
	lower heating value (LHV) of the captive	Fuel amount consumed by
	power generation system from the	the captive power generation
	manufacturer's specification is applied;	system (FC $_{PJ,CG,p}$ [mass or
		volume/p]).

	$\mathrm{EF}_{\mathrm{elec}} = 3$	$3.6  imes rac{100}{\eta_{elec,CO}}$	$- \times \mathrm{EF}_{\mathrm{fuel},\mathrm{CG}}$	Net calorific value (NCV <sub>fuel,CG</sub> [GJ/mass or volume]) and CO <sub>2</sub> amission		
	b) Calculated fr	om measured	data	factor (EE: $1 \approx [tCO_2/GI]$ )		
	The power generation officiency calcula			of the fuel consumed by the		
	from monitored	data of the a	continue neer consumed by the			
	input for power	can anotion (I	$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{2} \sum_{j=1}^{2} \sum_{i=1}^{2} \sum_{j=1}^$	captive power generation		
	input for power		$C_{PJ,CG,p}$ and the	system in order of		
	amount of electric	ficity generat	preference:			
	during the moni	toring period	1) values provided by the			
	measurement is	conducted w	ith the monitoring	fuel supplier;		
	equipment to w	hich calibrati	2) measurement by the			
	issued by an ent	ity accredited	l under	project participants;		
	national/interna	tional standar	3) regional or national			
	$EF_{elec} = FC_{PJ,CG,p} \times NCV_{fuel,CG} \times EF_{fuel,CG}$			default values;		
	× <u>1</u>			4) IPCC default values		
	$\times \overline{\mathrm{EG}_{\mathrm{PJ,CG,p}}}$			provided in tables 1.2 and		
	Where:			1.4 of Ch.1 Vol.2 of 2006		
	NCV <sub>fuel,CG</sub> : Net	calorific valu	IPCC Guidelines on			
	consumed by th	e captive pov	National GHG Inventories.			
	system [GJ/mas	s or volume]	Lower value is applied.			
	Notes			Contine ale stricite with		
	Note:					
	In case the capt	ive electricity	diesel fuelj			
	system meets al	l of the follow	CDM approved small scale			
	the value in the	following tab	methodology: AMS-I.A.			
	applied to EF <sub>elec</sub> depending on the consumed					
	fuel type.		[Captive electricity with			
				natural gas]		
	• The system	is non-renew	vable generation	2006 IPCC Guidelines on		
	system			National GHG Inventories		
	• Electricity	generation ca	pacity of the	for the source of EF of		
	system is le	ess than or eq	natural gas.			
			CDM Methodological tool			
	fuel type	Diesel	Natural gas	"Determining the baseline		
		fuel		efficiency of thermal or		
	EF <sub>elec</sub>	0.8 *1	0.46*2	electric energy generation		
				systems version02.0" for the		

		default efficiency for off-
	*1 The most recent value at the time of	grid power plants
	validation is applied.	
	*2 The value is calculated with the equation in	
	the option a) above. The lower value of default	
	effective CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for natural gas	
	$(0.0543 \text{ tCO}_2/\text{GJ})$ , and the most efficient value	
	of default efficiency for off-grid gas turbine	
	systems (42%) are applied.	
η	Project energy saving factor [-]	Determined as per the
		procedure described in
		Section F.1

## History of the document

Version	Date	Contents revised
01.0	28 May 2019	JC8, Annex 1 Initial approval.

(Explanatory note 1)

The region of Viet Nam is divided into 6 administrative units, *Red river delta*, *Northern midland mountain area*, *North central and central coastal area*, *Central highlands*, *South east*, and *Mekong river delta*, according to General statistics office of Viet Nam. http://www.gso.gov.vn/default\_en.aspx?tabid=515&idmid=5&ItemID=18533



Source: Map of Viet Nam, Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism, JAPAN <a href="http://www.mlit.go.jp/kokudokeikaku/international/spw/general/vietnam/index\_e.html">http://www.mlit.go.jp/kokudokeikaku/international/spw/general/vietnam/index\_e.html</a>