JCM Proposed Methodology Form

Cover sheet of the Proposed Methodology Form

Form for submitting the proposed methodology

| Host Country | The Kingdom of Thailand |
|--|---|
| Name of the methodology proponents | DENSO CORPORATION |
| submitting this form | Institute for Global Environmental Strategies |
| Sectoral scope(s) to which the Proposed | 3. Energy demand |
| Methodology applies | |
| Title of the proposed methodology, and | Installation of gas engine cogeneration system |
| version number | with absorption chiller to supply electricity, |
| | heating energy and cooling energy, Version 01.0 |
| List of documents to be attached to this | The attached draft JCM-PDD: |
| form (please check): | ⊠Additional information |
| | |
| Date of completion | 04/01/2021 |

History of the proposed methodology

| Version | Date | Contents revised |
|---------|------------|------------------|
| 01.0 | 04/01/2021 | First Edition |
| | | |
| | | |

A. Title of the methodology

Installation of gas engine cogeneration system with absorption chiller to supply electricity, heating energy and cooling energy, Version 01.0

B. Terms and definitions

| Terms | Definitions |
|---------------------------|---|
| Cogeneration System (CGS) | A system that consists of power generator(s) and heat |
| | generating equipment (e.g. heat recovery steam generator, |
| | exhaust heat exchanger, etc.) and supplies both electricity |
| | and heating energy, recovering waste heat exhausted from |
| | the power generator(s). The power generator(s) is a gas |
| | engine(s) in this methodology. |
| Absorption chiller | Refrigerating machine using heat source such as heating |
| | energy generated by fuel combustion and/or waste heat in |
| | the form of hot water, steam or exhaust gas, refrigerant (eg. |
| | water) and absorption solution (eg. Lithium bromide, |
| | ammonia) to generate chilled water or other chilled liquids |
| | by absorption refrigeration cycle. |
| Recipient Facility | A cluster of buildings and/or plants (or building/plant itself) |
| | to which electricity and heating energy generated by CGS |
| | are supplied. |
| Boiler Efficiency | Net quantity of heat generated per quantity of energy |
| | contained in fuel fired in the boiler. |
| Cooling capacity | Capability of individual chiller to remove heat. In this |
| | methodology, "cooling capacity" is used to represent a |
| | cooling capacity per a single chiller unit and not for a |
| | system with multiple chiller units. |

C. Summary of the methodology

| | Items | | Summary |
|-----|----------|-----------|--|
| GHG | emission | reduction | Electricity and heating energy generated by a CGS installed in |

| measures Calculation of reference emissions | a project site substitute all or part of grid and/or captive electricity as well as heating energy. Absorption chiller utilizing heating energy generated by a CGS is also introduced to save energy for cooling energy demand. Installation of CGS and absorption chiller leads to efficient energy use of recipient facility(ies) and in turn GHG emission reductions. [Reference emissions for CGS] Reference emissions are CO ₂ emissions from the use of grid and/or captive electricity and heating energy (e.g. steam and hot water) generated by a reference boiler, which are calculated with the amount of electricity economical by the maining |
|---|---|
| | with the amount of electricity consumed by the recipient facility(ies) which is generated by the CGS, the amount of heating energy consumed by the recipient facility(ies) which is generated by the CGS, CO_2 emission factors for consumed |
| | electricity in the recipient facility(ies), reference boiler efficiency and CO_2 emission factors for fossil fuel consumed by the reference boiler. |
| | [Reference emissions for absorption chiller] Reference emissions are GHG emissions from using reference |
| | chiller(s) which is determined as centrifugal chiller in this methodology. Reference emissions are calculated with cooling |
| | energy generated by project chiller(s), COP of reference chiller, and CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity. |
| | GHG emissions from using chilled water pump, cooling water pump and cooling tower are excluded from calculation since |
| | those pumps exist in both reference and project chiller system and they can be canceled each other out. |
| Calculation of project | [Project emissions from CGS] |
| emissions | Project emissions are CO ₂ emissions from the use of CGS, |
| | which are calculated with the amount of gas fuel consumed by |
| | the CGS, net calorific value of gas fuel consumed by the CGS, |
| | and CO_2 emission factor of gas fuel consumed by the CGS. |
| | [Project emissions from absorption chiller] |
| | Project emissions are GHG emissions from using project |
| | chiller(s), which are the sum of emissions from electricity |

| | consumption and fossil fuel consumption. GHG emissions from |
|-----------------------|--|
| | electricity consumption are calculated with electricity |
| | consumption by absorbing solution pumps and refrigerant |
| | pumps built in the project chiller(s) and CO ₂ emission factor for |
| | electricity consumed. GHG emissions from fossil fuel |
| | consumption, where applicable, are calculated with fuel |
| | consumption of project chiller(s) and CO ₂ emission factor for |
| | fuel consumed. |
| | GHG emissions from using chilled water pump, cooling water |
| | pump and cooling tower are excluded from calculation since |
| | those pumps exist in both reference and project chiller system |
| | and they can be canceled each other out. |
| Monitoring parameters | • Electricity consumption by the recipient facility(ies) which |
| 01 | is generated by the CGS |
| | • Heating energy consumed by the recipient facility(ies) |
| | which is generated by the CGS |
| | Cooling energy generated by the project absorption chiller |
| | Gas fuel consumption by the CGS |
| | Electricity consumption by the project absorption chiller |
| | Gas fuel consumption by the project absorption chiller, |
| | where applicable |
| | • The amount of fuel consumed and/or the amount of |
| | electricity generated by captive power, where applicable |
| | electrony generated by captive power, where applicable |

| D. Eligibility criteria | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| This methodolo | This methodology is applicable to projects that satisfy all of the following criteria. | | |
| Criterion 1 | A CGS, whose electricity is generated by a gas engine(s), with absorption | | |
| | chiller(s) utilizing waste heat from CGS is installed and supplies electricity | | |
| | and heating energy (e.g. steam, hot water and chilled water) to recipient | | |
| | facility(ies). | | |
| Criterion 2 | Electricity and heating energy, each of which is generated in separate systems, | | |
| | are supplied to and consumed by recipient facility(ies) before the installation | | |
| | of a project CGS. | | |
| Criterion 3 | In the case of replacing the existing chiller with the project chiller, a plan for | | |
| | prevention of releasing refrigerant used in the existing chiller to the air (e.g. | | |
| | re-use of the equipment) is prepared. Execution of this plan is checked at the | | |

| time of verification, in order to confirm that refrigerant used for the existing |
|--|
| one replaced by the project is prevented from being released to the air. |
| In the case that the existing chiller is NOT replaced with the project chiller, |
| this criterion is not applied. |

E. Emission Sources and GHG types

| Reference emissions | | |
|---|-----------------|--|
| Emission sources | GHG types | |
| Electricity consumption in recipient facility(ies) | CO ₂ | |
| Fossil fuel consumption for production of steam and hot water | CO ₂ | |
| consumed in recipient facility(ies) | | |
| Electricity consumption by reference chiller | CO ₂ | |
| Project emissions | | |
| Emission sources | GHG types | |
| Gas fuel consumption by CGS | CO ₂ | |
| Electricity consumption by project chiller | CO ₂ | |
| Gas fuel consumption by project chiller | CO ₂ | |

F. Establishment and calculation of reference emissions

F.1. Establishment of reference emissions

The following two measures are taken into consideration to ensure the net emission reductions in this methodology.

[Reference boiler efficiency for the CGS]

Reference emissions are calculated with the amount of electricity generated by the CGS and consumed by the recipient facility(ies), the amount of heating energy generated by the CGS and consumed by the recipient facility(ies), reference boiler efficiency, CO_2 emission factors for consumed electricity in the recipient facility(ies) and CO_2 emission factors for fossil fuel consumed by the reference boiler.

A default value for the reference boiler efficiency is conservatively set to 89 [%] taking the highest value among those products sold in Thailand, so as to ensure net emission reductions.

[Reference COP for the absorption chiller]

Reference emissions are calculated with cooling energy of project chiller(s), COP of reference chiller, and CO₂ emission factor for consumed electricity.

GHG emissions from using chilled water pump, cooling water pump and cooling tower are excluded from calculation since those pumps exist in both reference and project chiller system and they can be canceled each other out.

The COP of reference chiller, which is centrifugal chiller, is conservatively set as a default value in the following manner to ensure the net emission reductions.

1. The COP value tends to increase as the cooling capacity becomes larger.

2. The reference COP value varies by its cooling capacity.

3. The maximum values of COP in each cooling capacity range set for this methodology are defined as $\text{COP}_{\text{RE},i}$ as described in Section I.

F.2. Calculation of reference emissions

$$\begin{split} RE_{p} &= \sum_{l} RE_{elec,lp} + \sum_{l} RE_{heat,lp} + \sum_{j} RE_{chiller,jp} \\ &= \sum_{i} (EC_{i,p} \times EF_{elec,i}) + \sum_{i} HC_{i,p} \times \frac{100}{\eta_{RE}} \times EF_{fuel,RE} \\ &+ \sum_{j} \left(\frac{C_{pj,j,p}}{COP_{RE,j}} \times EF_{elec,j} \right) \end{split}$$
Where
$$RE_{p} \quad : \text{Reference emissions during the period } p [\text{tCO}_2/\text{p}] \\ RE_{elec,l,p} \quad : \text{Reference emissions for electricity consumed by the recipient facility } i \\ & \text{which is generated by the CGS during the period } p [\text{tCO}_2/\text{p}] \\ RE_{heat,l,p} \quad : \text{Reference emissions for heating energy consumed by the recipient facility } i \\ & \text{which is generated by the CGS during the period } p [\text{tCO}_2/\text{p}] \\ RE_{chiller,j,p} \quad : \text{Reference emissions by reference chiller } j \text{ during the period } p [\text{tCO}_2/\text{p}] \\ EC_{l,p} \quad : \text{Electricity consumption by the recipient facility } i \\ & \text{cGS during the period } p [\text{MWh/p}] \\ EF_{elec,i} \quad : \text{CO}_2 \text{ emission factor for consumed electricity in the recipient facility } i \\ & \text{ (tCO}_2/\text{MWh}] \\ HC_{l,p} \quad : \text{Heating energy consumption by the recipient facility } i \\ & \text{which is generated by the CGS during the period } p [\text{GJ/p}]^{*1} \\ \eta_{RE} \quad : \text{ Reference boiler efficiency } [\%] \end{aligned}$$

| EF _{fuel,RE} | : CO ₂ emission factor for fossil fuel consumed by the reference boiler |
|--|--|
| | [tCO ₂ /GJ] |
| $C_{PJ,j,p}$ | : Cooling energy generated by the project absorption chiller <i>j</i> during the |
| | period p [MWh/p] |
| $COP_{RE,j}$ | : COP of reference chiller <i>j</i> [dimensionless] |
| EF _{elec,j} | : CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity by the project absorption |
| | chiller j [tCO ₂ /MWh] |
| i | : Identification number of the recipient facility to which electricity and |
| | heating energy generated by the CGS are supplied |
| j | : Identification number of the project absorption chiller |
| *1: Amount of heating energy generated by the CGS and consumed by the project absorption | |
| chiller is not | included in $HC_{i,p}$ |
| | |

G. Calculation of project emissions

| $EC_{PJ,CL,j,p}$ | : Electricity consumption by project absorption chiller j during the period p |
|--------------------------|---|
| | [MWh/p] |
| EF _{elec,j} | : CO ₂ emission factor for electricity consumed by the project absorption |
| | chiller j [tCO ₂ /MWh] |
| FC _{PJ,CL,j,p} | : Gas fuel consumption by project absorption chiller j during the period p |
| | [Nm ³ /p] |
| NCV _{fuel,CL,j} | : Net calorific value of gas fuel consumed by project absorption chiller <i>j</i> |
| | [MJ/Nm ³] |
| EF _{fuel,CL,j} | : CO_2 emission factor for gas fuel consumed by project absorption chiller <i>j</i> |
| | [tCO ₂ /GJ] |
| j | : Identification number of the project absorption chiller |
| | |
| | |

H. Calculation of emissions reductions

 $ER_p = RE_p - PE_p$

Where

| ER_p | : Emission reductions during the period p [tCO ₂ /p] |
|--------|---|
| RE_p | : Reference emissions during the period p [tCO ₂ /p] |
| PE_p | : Project emissions during the period p [tCO ₂ /p] |

I. Data and parameters fixed *ex ante*

The source of each data and parameter fixed *ex ante* is listed as below.

| Parameter | Description of data | Source |
|----------------------|---|-----------------|
| EF _{elec,i} | CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity in the recipient | [Grid |
| | facility <i>i</i> [tCO ₂ /MWh] | electricity] |
| | | The most recent |
| | When the recipient facility consumes only grid electricity or | value available |
| | captive electricity, the project participant applies the CO2 | at the time of |
| | emission factor respectively. | validation is |

| When both grid electricity and captive electricity may be | applied and fixed for the |
|---|---------------------------|
| | fixed for the |
| consumed in the recipient facility, the project participant | |
| | monitoring |
| applies the CO ₂ emission factor with lower value. | period |
| | thereafter. The |
| [CO ₂ emission factor] | data is sourced |
| For grid electricity: The most recent value available from the | from "Grid |
| source stated in this table at the time of validation | Emission |
| | Factor (GEF) of |
| For captive electricity including cogeneration system, it is | Thailand", |
| determined based on the following options: | endorsed by |
| | Thailand |
| a) Calculated from its power generation efficiency ($\eta_{cap,i}$ | Greenhouse |
| [%]) obtained from manufacturer's specification | Gas |
| The power generation efficiency based on lower heating | Management |
| value (LHV) of the captive power generation system from the | Organization, |
| manufacturer's specification is applied; | unless |
| $FF = -3.6 \times \frac{100}{5} \times FF$ | otherwise |
| $EF_{elec,i} = 3.6 \times \frac{100}{\eta_{cap,i}} \times EF_{fuel,cap,i}$ | instructed by |
| | the Joint |
| b) Calculated from measured data | Committee. |
| The power generation efficiency calculated from monitored | |
| data of the amount of fuel input for power generation | [Captive |
| $(FC_{cap,i,p})$ and the amount of electricity generated $(EG_{cap,i,p})$ | electricity] |
| during the monitoring period p is applied. The measurement | For the option |
| is conducted with the monitoring equipment to which | a) |
| calibration certificate is issued by an entity accredited under | |
| national/international standards; | Specification |
| $EF_{elec,i} = FC_{cap,i,p} \times NCV_{fuel,cap,i} \times EF_{fuel,cap,i} \times \frac{1}{EG_{cap,i,p}}$ | of the captive |
| $ET_{elec,i} = TC_{cap,i,p} \land TCV_{fuel,cap,i} \land ET_{fuel,cap,i} \land EG_{cap,i,p}$ | power |
| Where: | generation |
| $NCV_{fuel, cap, i}$: Net calorific value of the fuel consumed by the | system |
| captive power generation system connected to the recipient | connected to |
| facility <i>i</i> [GJ/mass or volume] | the recipient |
| | facility <i>i</i> , |
| Note: | provided by the |
| | manufacturer |

the recipient facility *i* meets all of the following conditions, the value in the following table may be applied to $EF_{elec,i}$ depending on the consumed fuel type.

- The system is non-renewable generation system
- Electricity generation capacity of the system is less than or equal to 15 MW

| fuel type | Diesel fuel | Natural gas | |
|----------------------|----------------|-------------|--|
| EF _{elec,i} | 0.8 *1 | 0.46 *2 | |

*1 The most recent value at the time of validation is applied. *2 The value is calculated with the equation in the option a) above. The lower value of default effective CO₂ emission factor for natural gas (0.0543 tCO₂/GJ), and the most efficient value of default efficiency for off-grid gas turbine systems (42%) are applied.

 $(\eta_{cap,i} \ [\%]).$ CO₂ emission factor of the fuel consumed by the captive power generation system connected to the recipient facility i (EF_{fuel,cap,i} [tCO₂/GJ]) in order of preference: 1) values provided by the fuel supplier; 2) measurement by the project participants; 3) regional or national default values; 4) IPCC default values provided in table 1.4 of Ch.1 Vol.2 of 2006 IPCC Guidelines on National GHG Inventories. Lower value is applied. For the option

| | b) |
|--|-----------------------------|
| | b) |
| | Generated and |
| | supplied |
| | electricity by |
| | the captive |
| | power |
| | generation |
| | system |
| | connected to |
| | the recipient |
| | facility <i>i</i> |
| | $(EG_{cap,i,p}$ |
| | [MWh/p]). |
| | Fuel amount |
| | consumed by |
| | the captive |
| | power |
| | generation |
| | system |
| | connected to |
| | the recipient |
| | facility <i>i</i> |
| | $(FC_{cap,i,p})$ |
| | [mass or |
| | volume/p]). |
| | Net calorific |
| | value |
| | (NCV _{fuel,cap,i} |
| | [GJ/mass or |
| | volume]) and |
| | CO ₂ emission |
| | factor of the |
| | fuel |
| | (EF _{fuel,cap,i} |
| | $[tCO_2/GJ])$ in |
| | order of |
| | preference: |
| | |

| | 1) values |
|--|---------------------------------|
| | provided by the |
| | fuel supplier; |
| | 2) |
| | measurement |
| | by the project |
| | participants; |
| | regional or |
| | national default |
| | values; |
| | 4) IPCC default |
| | values provided |
| | in tables 1.2 |
| | and 1.4 of Ch.1 |
| | Vol.2 of 2006 |
| | IPCC |
| | Guidelines on |
| | National GHG |
| | Inventories. |
| | Lower value is |
| | applied. |
| | |
| | [Captive |
| | electricity with |
| | diesel fuel] |
| | CDM approved |
| | small scale |
| | methodology: |
| | AMS-I.A. |
| | |
| | [Captive |
| | electricity with |
| | natural gas] |
| | 2006 IPCC |
| | Guidelines on |
| | National GHG |
| | Inventories for |

| | | the source of |
|----------------|---|------------------------------|
| | | EF of natural |
| | | gas. |
| | | CDM |
| | | Methodologica |
| | | l tool |
| | | |
| | | "Determining the baseline |
| | | |
| | | efficiency of thermal or |
| | | |
| | | electric energy |
| | | generation |
| | | systems |
| | | version02.0" |
| | | for the default |
| | | efficiency for |
| | | off-grid power |
| | | plants. |
| η_{RE} | Reference boiler efficiency [%] | Value derived |
| | | from the result |
| | Default value is set to 89 [%]. | of survey. The |
| | | default value, |
| | | 89 [%], should |
| | | be revised if |
| | | necessary. |
| $EF_{fuel,RE}$ | CO ₂ emission factor for fossil fuel consumed by the reference | In the order of |
| | boiler [tCO ₂ /GJ] | preference: |
| | | a) values |
| | CO ₂ emission factor of natural gas is applied in this | provided by |
| | methodology in a conservative manner. | fuel |
| | | supplier; |
| | | b) measureme |
| | | nt by the |
| | | project |
| | | participants |
| | | ; |
| | | c) regional or |

| | | national | | | | |
|--|---|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | default | | | | |
| | | values; or | | | | |
| | | d) IPCC | | | | |
| | | default | | | | |
| | | values | | | | |
| | | provided in | | | | |
| | | table 1.4 of | | | | |
| | | Ch.1 Vol.2 | | | | |
| | | of 2006 | | | | |
| | | IPCC | | | | |
| | | Guidelines | | | | |
| | | on National | | | | |
| | | GHG | | | | |
| | | Inventories. | | | | |
| | | Lower value | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| $COP_{RE,j}$ COP of reference chiller j [dimensionless] | COP of reference chiller <i>j</i> [dimensionless] | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| The COP of the reference chiller j is selected f | The COP of the reference chiller j is selected from the default | | | | | |
| COP value in the following table in line with c | COP value in the following table in line with cooling | | | | | |
| capacity of the project chiller <i>j</i> . ("x" in the tabl | capacity of the project chiller <i>j</i> . ("x" in the table represents | | | | | |
| cooling capacity per unit.) | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| [Default COP values of reference chillers] | | data by | | | | |
| Cooling capacity 300≤x≤35 350≤x≤55 550≤x≤75 | Cooling | | | | | |
| per unit (USRt) 0 0 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| COPpr | (00 | The default | | | | |
| i 5.46 5.69 5.90 | 6.03 | COP values are | | | | |
| | | derived from | | | | |
| | | the result of | | | | |
| | | survey on COP | | | | |
| | | of chillers from | | | | |
| | | manufacturers | | | | |
| | | that have high | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | market share. | | | | |

| NCVfuel.CGS Net calorific value of gas fuel consumed by the CGS In the order of gas fuel consumed by the CGS [GJ/mass or volume] In the order of gas fuel consumed by the CGS In the order of preference: a) values provided by fuel supplier; b) measureme nt by the project iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii | | | 1 11 |
|---|-------------------------|---|-----------------|
| NCV _{fuel,CGS} Net calorific value of gas fuel consumed by the CGS In the order of participants. IGJ/mass or volume] provided by fuel supplier; b) measureme nt by the project participants. is in the order of preference: is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; is in the order of preference; | | | should prove |
| NCV _{fuel,CGS} Net calorific value of gas fuel consumed by the CGS In the order of participants. IGJ/mass or volume] preference: a) values provided by fuel supplier; b) measurement by the project participants. in the ythe provided by fuel icl icl icl icl icl icl icl icl icl icl icl icl icl icl icl icl icl icl icl icl icl icl icl icl icl i | | | |
| NCV _{fuel,CGS} Net calorific value of gas fuel consumed by the CGS In the order of preference: a) values provided by fuel supprise (a) values provided by fuel supprise (b) measureme nt by the (c) regional or nt by the (c) regional or ntional (c) regional or | | | |
| NCV _{fuel,CGS} Net calorific value of gas fuel consumed by the CGS In the order of preference: a) values provided by fuel supplier; b) measureme nt by the project participants. iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii | | | |
| NCV _{fuel,CGS} Net calorific value of gas fuel consumed by the CGS In the order of participants. NCV _{fuel,CGS} Net calorific value of gas fuel consumed by the CGS In the order of preference: a) values provided by fuel supplier; b) measureme nt by the project participants; c) regional or ; c) regional or nticipants in the order of preference: a) values noricipants provided by fuel supplier; b) measureme nt by the project iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii | | | COP values |
| NCV _{fuel,CGS} Net calorific value of gas fuel consumed by the CGS In the order of preference: a) values provided by fuel supplier; b) measureme nt by the project participants. iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii | | | should be |
| survey result survey result which is conducted by JC or project participants. NCV _{fuel,CGS} Net calorific value of gas fuel consumed by the CGS In the order of [GJ/mass or volume] provided by fuel supplier; b) measureme nt by the project participants. (c) regional or nt by the (c) regional or national | | | revised if |
| which is conducted by JC or project participants. NCV _{fuel,CGS} Net calorific value of gas fuel consumed by the CGS In the order of [GJ/mass or volume] preference: a) values provided by fuel supplier; b) measureme nt by the project participants. ; c) regional or national | | | necessary from |
| Image: state of the state | | | survey result |
| Image: state of the state | | | which is |
| NCV _{fuel,CGS} Net calorific value of gas fuel consumed by the CGS In the order of preference: (GJ/mass or volume) a) values provided by fuel (SUP) supplier; b) measureme nt by the (SUP) project participants. ; (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) (SUP) | | | conducted by |
| NCV _{fuel,CGS} Net calorific value of gas fuel consumed by the CGS In the order of preference: [GJ/mass or volume] a) values provided by fuel supplier; b) measureme nt by the project participants ; c) regional or national | | | JC or project |
| [GJ/mass or volume] preference: a) values provided by fuel supplier; b) measureme nt by the project participants ; c) regional or national c) | | | participants. |
| [GJ/mass or volume]preference:a) valuesprovided byfuelsupplier;b) measurement by theprojectparticipants;c) regional ornational | NCV _{fuel,CGS} | Net calorific value of gas fuel consumed by the CGS | In the order of |
| provided by fuel supplier; b) measureme nt by the project participants ; c) regional or national | | [GJ/mass or volume] | preference: |
| Image: select on the select | | | a) values |
| supplier;b)measurement by theprojectparticipants;c)regional ornational | | | provided by |
| b) measureme nt by the project participants ; c) regional or national | | | fuel |
| nt by the project participants ; c) regional or national | | | supplier; |
| project participants ; c) regional or national | | | b) measureme |
| participants ; c) regional or national | | | nt by the |
| ; c) regional or national | | | project |
| national | | | participants |
| national | | | ; |
| | | | c) regional or |
| | | | national |
| default | | | default |
| values; or | | | values; or |
| d) IPCC | | | d) IPCC |
| default | | | default |
| values | | | values |
| provided in | | | provided in |
| table 1.2 of | | | table 1.2 of |
| Ch.1 Vol.2 | | | Ch.1 Vol.2 |
| of 2006 | | | of 2006 |
| IPCC | | | IPCC |
| Guidelines | | | |

| | | on National |
|------------------------|---|-----------------|
| | | GHG |
| | | Inventories. |
| | | Upper value |
| | | is applied. |
| EF _{fuel,CGS} | CO ₂ emission factor for gas fuel consumed by the CGS | In order of |
| Li juel,CGS | [tCO ₂ /GJ] | preference: |
| | | a) values |
| | | provided by |
| | | fuel |
| | | supplier; |
| | | b) measureme |
| | | - |
| | | nt by the |
| | | project |
| | | participants; |
| | | c) regional or |
| | | national |
| | | default |
| | | values; or |
| | | d) IPCC |
| | | default |
| | | values |
| | | provided in |
| | | table 1.4 of |
| | | Ch.1 Vol.2 |
| | | of 2006 |
| | | IPCC |
| | | Guidelines |
| | | on National |
| | | GHG |
| | | Inventories. |
| | | Upper value |
| | | is applied. |
| EF _{elec,j} | CO_2 emission factor for consumed electricity by the project | [Grid |
| | absorption chiller j [tCO ₂ /MWh] | electricity] |
| | | The most recent |
| | When the absorption chiller consumes only grid electricity or | value available |

| captive electricity, the project participant applies the CO_2 | at the time of |
|---|-----------------|
| emission factor respectively. | validation is |
| | applied and |
| When both grid electricity and captive electricity may be | fixed for the |
| consumed in the absorption chiller, the project participant | monitoring |
| applies the CO ₂ emission factor with lower value. | period |
| | thereafter. The |
| [CO ₂ emission factor] | data is sourced |
| For grid electricity: The most recent value available from the | from "Grid |
| source stated in this table at the time of validation | Emission |
| | Factor (GEF) of |
| For captive electricity including cogeneration system, it is | Thailand", |
| determined based on the following options: | endorsed by |
| | Thailand |
| a) Calculated from its power generation efficiency ($\eta_{cap,j}$) | Greenhouse |
| [%]) obtained from manufacturer's specification | Gas |
| The power generation efficiency based on lower heating | Management |
| value (LHV) of the captive power generation system from the | Organization, |
| manufacturer's specification is applied; | unless |
| $EF_{elec,j} = 3.6 \times \frac{100}{\eta_{cap,j}} \times EF_{fuel,cap,j}$ | otherwise |
| $ET_{elec,j} = 3.0 \land \frac{\eta_{cap,j}}{\eta_{cap,j}} \land ET_{fuel,cap,j}$ | instructed by |
| | the Joint |
| b) Calculated from measured data | Committee. |
| The power generation efficiency calculated from monitored | |
| data of the amount of fuel input for power generation | [Captive |
| $(FC_{cap,j,p})$ and the amount of electricity generated | electricity] |
| $(EG_{cap,j,p})$ during the monitoring period p is applied. The | For the option |
| measurement is conducted with the monitoring equipment to | a) |
| which calibration certificate is issued by an entity accredited | |
| under national/international standards; | Specification |
| $EF_{elec,j} = FC_{cap,j,p} \times NCV_{fuel,cap,j} \times EF_{fuel,cap,j}$ | of the captive |
| $\times \frac{1}{EG_{can,in}}$ | power |
| $CEG_{cap,j,p}$ | generation |
| Where: | system |
| $NCV_{fuel, cap, j}$: Net calorific value of the fuel consumed by the | connected to |
| captive power generation system connected to the absorption | the absorption |
| chiller <i>j</i> [GJ/mass or volume] | chiller j, |
| | |

| | | | | | provided | l by the |
|--|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|----------------------|----------|
| Note: | | | | | manufac | turer |
| In case the captive electricity generation system connected to | | | | | $(\eta_{cap,j})$ | [%]). |
| the absorption | n chiller <i>j</i> r | neets all of t | he following con | ditions, | CO ₂ emi | ission |
| the value in th | e followir | ng table may | be applied to EF | elec,j | factor of | the |
| depending on | the consume | med fuel typ | e. | | fuel con | sumed |
| | | | | | by the ca | aptive |
| • The syste | em is non- | renewable g | eneration system | | power | |
| • Electricit | y generati | on capacity | of the system is le | ess than | generati | on |
| or equal t | to 15 MW | | | | system | |
| | | | | | connecte | ed to |
| fue | el type | Diesel | Natural gas | | the abso | rption |
| | | fuel | | | chiller j | |
| E | F _{elec,i} | $0.8 *_{1}$ | 0.46 *2 | | $(EF_{fuel,o})$ | cap,j |
| | | | | | [tCO ₂ /G | J]) in |
| *1 The most r | ecent valu | e at the time | of validation is a | pplied. | order of | |
| *2 The value | is calcula | ted with the | equation in the o | option a) | preferen | ce: |
| above. The lo | ower valu | e of default | t effective CO ₂ | emission | 1) | values |
| factor for natu | ıral gas (0. | .0543 tCO ₂ /0 | GJ), and the most | efficient | provided | l by the |
| value of defa | ult efficie | ncy for off- | grid gas turbine | systems | fuel supp | plier; |
| (42%) are app | lied. | | | | 2) | |
| | | | | | measure | ment |
| | | | | | by the | project |
| | | | | | participa | ints; |
| | | | | | 3) regio | onal or |
| | | | | | national | default |
| | | | | | values; | |
| | | | | | 4) IPCC | default |
| | | | | | values p | rovided |
| | | | | | in table | 1.4 of |
| | | | | | Ch.1 V | ol.2 of |
| | | | | | 2006 | IPCC |
| | | | | | Guidelin | nes on |
| | | | | | National | GHG |
| | | | | | Inventor | ies. |
| | | | | | Lower v | alue is |
| | | | | | | |

| | For the option |
|--|-----------------------------|
| | b) |
| | Generated and |
| | supplied |
| | electricity by |
| | the captive |
| | power |
| | generation |
| | system |
| | connected to |
| | the absorption |
| | chiller j |
| | $(EG_{cap,j,p}$ |
| | [MWh/p]). |
| | Fuel amount |
| | consumed by |
| | the captive |
| | power |
| | generation |
| | system |
| | connected to |
| | the recipient |
| | facility j |
| | $(FC_{cap,j,p}$ |
| | [mass or |
| | volume/p]). |
| | Net calorific |
| | value |
| | (NCV _{fuel,cap,j} |
| | [GJ/mass or |
| | volume]) and |
| | CO ₂ emission |
| | factor of the |
| | fuel |
| | (EF _{fuel,cap,j} |
| | [tCO ₂ /GJ]) in |

| | order of |
|--|----------------------------------|
| | preference: |
| | 1) values |
| | provided by the |
| | fuel supplier; |
| | 2) |
| | measurement |
| | by the project |
| | participants; |
| | 3) regional or |
| | national default |
| | values; |
| | 4) IPCC default |
| | values provided |
| | in tables 1.2 |
| | and 1.4 of Ch.1 |
| | Vol.2 of 2006 |
| | IPCC |
| | Guidelines on |
| | National GHG |
| | Inventories. |
| | Lower value is |
| | applied. |
| | |
| | [Captive |
| | electricity with |
| | diesel fuel] |
| | CDM approved |
| | small scale |
| | methodology: |
| | AMS-I.A. |
| | |
| | [Captive |
| | electricity with |
| | natural gas] |
| | 2006 IPCC |
| | Guidelines on |

| | | National GHG |
|--------------------------|---|-----------------|
| | | Inventories for |
| | | the source of |
| | | EF of natural |
| | | gas. |
| | | CDM |
| | | Methodologica |
| | | l tool |
| | | "Determining |
| | | the baseline |
| | | efficiency of |
| | | thermal or |
| | | electric energy |
| | | generation |
| | | systems |
| | | version02.0" |
| | | for the default |
| | | efficiency for |
| | | off-grid power |
| | | plants. |
| NCV _{fuel,CL,j} | Net calorific value of gas fuel consumed by the project | In the order of |
| | absorption chiller j [GJ/mass or volume] | preference: |
| | | a) values |
| | | provided by |
| | | fuel |
| | | supplier; |
| | | b) measureme |
| | | nt by the |
| | | project |
| | | participants; |
| | | c) regional or |
| | | national |
| | | default |
| | | values; or |
| | | d) IPCC |
| | | default |
| | | values |
| | | |

| | | provided in |
|-------------------------|--|----------------|
| | | table 1.2 of |
| | | Ch.1 Vol.2 |
| | | of 2006 |
| | | IPCC |
| | | Guidelines |
| | | on National |
| | | GHG |
| | | Inventories. |
| | | Upper value |
| | | is applied. |
| EF _{fuel,CL,j} | CO ₂ emission factor for gas fuel consumed by the project | In order of |
| | absorption chiller j [tCO ₂ /GJ] | preference: |
| | | a) values |
| | | provided by |
| | | fuel |
| | | supplier; |
| | | b) measureme |
| | | nt by the |
| | | project |
| | | participants; |
| | | c) regional or |
| | | national |
| | | default |
| | | values; or |
| | | d) IPCC |
| | | default |
| | | values |
| | | provided in |
| | | table 1.4 of |
| | | Ch.1 Vol.2 |
| | | of 2006 |
| | | IPCC |
| | | Guidelines |
| | | on National |
| | | GHG |
| | | Inventories. |
| | | in tentories. |

| | Upper value |
|--|-------------|
| | is applied. |