JCM Proposed Methodology Form

Cover sheet of the Proposed Methodology Form

Form for submitting the proposed methodology

Host Country	The Republic of the Philippines	
Name of the methodology proponents	Institute for Global Environmental Strategies	
submitting this form		
Sectoral scope(s) to which the Proposed	1. Energy industries (renewable-/non-	
Methodology applies	renewable sources)	
Title of the proposed methodology, and	Installation of Solar PV System, Ver. 01.0	
version number		
List of documents to be attached to this form	☐The attached draft JCM-PDD:	
(please check):	⊠Additional information	
	1) Explanatory note about additional	
	information on calculation the emission factors	
	of the Philippines for the JCM	
Date of completion	23/10/2019	

History of the proposed methodology

Version	Date	Contents revised
01.0	23/10/2019	First edition

A. Title of the methodology

Installation of Solar PV System, Ver. 01.0

B. Terms and definitions

Terms	Definitions
Solar photovoltaic (PV) system	An electricity generation system which converts sunlight
	into electricity by the use of photovoltaic (PV) modules.
	The system also includes ancillary equipment such as
	inverters required to change the electrical current from
	direct current (DC) to alternating current (AC).

C. Summary of the methodology

Items	Summary	
GHG emission reduction	Displacement of grid electricity and/or captive electricity by	
measures	installation and operation of solar PV system(s).	
Calculation of reference	Reference emissions are calculated on the basis of the AC	
emissions	output of the solar PV system(s) multiplied by the conservative	
	emission factor.	
Calculation of project	Project emissions are the emissions from the solar PV	
emissions	system(s), which are assumed to be zero.	
Monitoring parameters	The quantity of the electricity generated by the project solar PV	
	system(s).	

D. Eligibility criteria

This methodology is applicable to projects that satisfy all of the following criteria.

Criterion 1	The project installs solar PV system(s).
	The PV modules are certified for design qualifications (IEC 61215, IEC
Criterion 2	61646 or IEC 62108) and safety qualification (IEC 61730-1 and IEC 61730-
	2).
The equipment used for monitoring output power of the solar PV syst	
Criterion 3	irradiance is installed at the project site

E. Emission Sources and GHG types

Reference emissions		
Emission sources	GHG types	
Consumption of grid electricity and/or captive electricity	CO ₂	
Project emissions		
Emission sources	GHG types	
Generation of electricity from the solar PV system(s)	N/A	

F. Establishment and calculation of reference emissions

F.1. Establishment of reference emissions

The default emission factor is set in a conservative manner for the Philippines regional grids: Luzon-Visayas and Mindanao systems.

The emission factor is calculated based on the conservative operating margin that reflects on the latest electricity mix including low cost/must run (LCMR) resources for each regional grid in the Philippines during 2015-2017 and refers to the conservative emission factor of each fossil fuel power plant in order to secure net emission reductions.

The conservative emission factor of each plant is calculated to be 0.826 tCO₂/MWh for coal-fired power plant and 0.326 tCO₂/MWh for gas-fired power plant based on the survey on heat efficiency of power plant in the Philippines. The emission factor for diesel power plant is calculated to be 0.533 tCO₂/MWh based on a default heat efficiency of 49%, an efficiency level which is above the value of the world's leading diesel power generators.

In case the solar PV system(s) in a proposed project activity is directly connected to a regional grid or connected to a regional grid via an internal grid not connecting to a captive power generator (Case 1), the value of operating margin including LCMR resources, using the best heat efficiency among currently operational plants in the Philippines in calculating emission factors of fossil fuel power plants, are applied. The emission factors to be applied are set as "Emission factor for Case 1(tCO₂/MWh)" in section I below.

In the case the solar PV system(s) in a proposed project activity is connected to an internal grid

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connecting to both a regional grid and a captive power generator (Case 2), the lower value between emission factors of "Emission factor for Case 1 (tCO_2/MWh) shown in Section I below and the conservative emission factor of diesel-fired power plant of 0.533 tCO_2/MWh is applied. The emission factors to be applied are set as "Emission factor for Case2 (tCO_2/MWh)" in section I below.

In the case that the solar PV system(s) in a proposed project activity is only connected to an internal grid connecting to a captive power generator (Case 3), the emission factor of a diesel generator calculated by applying the most efficient heat efficiency of 49%, an efficiency level which is above the value of the world's leading diesel generator is applied, which is set as 0.533 tCO₂/MWh.

The emission factors for each case are shown in Section I.

F.2. Calculation of reference emissions

$$RE_p = \sum_i \bigl(EG_{i,p} \ x \ EF_{RE,i} \bigr)$$

RE_p : Reference emissions during the period p [tCO₂/p]

 $EG_{i,p}$: Quantity of electricity generated by the project solar PV system i during period p

[MWh/p]

 $EF_{RE,i}$: Reference CO_2 emission factor for the project solar PV system i [tCO₂/MWh]

G. Calculation of project emissions

 $PE_{p} = 0$

PE_p : Project emissions during period p [tCO₂/p]

H. Calculation of emissions reductions

 $ER_p = RE_p - PE_p$

 $= RE_p$

 ER_p : Emission reductions during period p [tCO₂/p] RE_p : Reference emissions during period p [tCO₂/p] PE_p : Project emissions during period p [tCO₂/p]

I. Data and parameters fixed ex ante

The source of each data and parameter fixed ex ante is listed as below.

Parameter	Description of data	Source
EF _{RE,i}	The reference CO ₂ emission factor for the project	Additional information
	solar PV system i.	The default emission factor
	The value for EE is calcuted from the emission	is obtained from a study of
	The value for $EF_{RE,i}$ is selected from the emission	electricity systems in the
	factor based on the regional grid ($EF_{RE,grid}$) or based on a captive diesel power generator ($EF_{RE,cap}$) in the	Philippines and the most
		efficient diesel power
	following manner:	generator (a default value
	In case the solar PV system(s) in a proposed project	of 49% heat efficiency is
	activity is connected to a regional grid including	above the value of the
	through internal grid which is not connected to a	world's leading diesel
	captive power generator (Case 1), EF _{RE,grid} is set as	generator).
	follows:	
		The default value is revised
	Emission factor for Case 1 (tCO ₂ /MWh)	if deemed necessary by the
	Regional grid name: Emission factor for Case 1: Luzon-Visayas 0.507 tCO ₂ /MWh Mindanao 0.468 tCO ₂ /MWh	JC.
	In case the solar PV system(s) in a proposed project	
	activity is connected to an internal grid connected	
	to both a regional grid and a captive power	
	generator (Case 2), EF _{RE,grid} is set as follows: :	
	Emission factor for Case 2 (tCO ₂ /MWh) Regional grid name: Emission factor for Case 1: Luzon-Visayas 0.507 tCO ₂ /MWh Mindanao 0.468 tCO ₂ /MWh	
	In case the solar PV system(s) in a proposed project	
	activity is connected to an internal grid which is not	

connected to the regional grid, and only connected	
to a captive power generator (Case 3), EF _{RE,cap} ,	
0.533 tCO ₂ /MWh is applied.	