

### Joint Crediting Mechanism Proposed Methodology Form

#### Cover sheet of the Proposed Methodology Form

Form for submitting the proposed methodology

Host Country	Mongolia
Name of the methodology proponents submitting this form	Hitachi, Ltd.
Sectoral scope(s) to which the Proposed Methodology applies	2. Energy distribution;
Title of the proposed methodology, and version number	Installation of energy-saving transmission lines in the Mongolian Grid
List of documents to be attached to this form (please check):	<input type="checkbox"/> The attached draft JCM-PDD: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Additional information Explanatory note on MRV methodology
Date of completion	January 20, 2014

History of the proposed methodology

Version	Date	Contents revised
01.0	20 January 2014	First edition

### A. Title of the methodology

Installation of energy-saving transmission lines in the Mongolian Grid

### B. Terms and definitions

Terms	Definitions
ACSR (existing conductors)	Aluminum Conductors, Coated-Steel Reinforced, whose structure consists of the steel center strand(s), covered by the outer strands of aluminum.
LL-ACSR/SA	Low Electrical Power Loss Aluminum Conductors, Aluminum-Clad Steel Reinforced, which have lower transmission loss compared to ACSR by increasing the area of conductive component.

### C. Summary of the methodology

Items	Summary
<i>GHG emission reduction measures</i>	Reduction of transmission loss by introduction of LL-ACSR/SA.
<i>Calculation of reference emissions</i>	Calculation of GHG emission due to transmission loss in ACSR, based on the parameters derived from Mongolian Standard MNS5870: 2008.
<i>Calculation of project emissions</i>	GHG emission due to transmission loss in LL-ACSR/SA, based on monitored transmission loss.
<i>Monitoring parameters</i>	Power sent from the point of origin/supply to the transmission line, power received at the point of receipt of the transmission line, emission factor of the grid, direct current resistance of the transmission line

#### D. Eligibility criteria

This methodology is applicable to projects that satisfy all of the following criteria.

Criterion 1	The transmission line constitutes of a single or double circuit(s) directly connecting a substation and another substation within the country with no branching in between, and does not constitute a part of a loop.				
Criterion 2	The type of conductor is LL-ACSR/SA, which meets the following technical criteria <sup>1</sup> .				
	Type of energy-saving conductors	unit	Equivalent to LL-ACSR/SA 279/20mm <sup>2</sup>	Equivalent to LL-ACSR/SA 337/27mm <sup>2</sup>	Equivalent to LL-ACSR/SA 445/36mm <sup>2</sup>
	Outer diameter of conductor	mm	21.6	24.0	27.5
	Direct current resistance (@20degC)	Ω/km	0.1063	0.0862	0.0659
	Tensile strength	N	75,050	90,574	120,481
	Weight	kg/km	921	1,132	1,490
	Corresponding conductors currently in use that forms the basis of calculating the reference emissions.		ACSR 240/32mm <sup>2</sup>	ACSR 300/39mm <sup>2</sup>	ACSR 400/51mm <sup>2</sup>

#### E. Emission Sources and GHG types

Reference emissions	
Emission sources	GHG types
Transmission loss in reference scenario	CO <sub>2</sub>
Project emissions	

<sup>1</sup> Outer diameter and weight shall be equal or less, tensile strength shall be equal or more, and direct current resistance shall be 10% lower than that of existing conductors according to MNS5870: 2008. Direct current resistance shall be measured according to IEC 60468 (Method of measurement of resistivity of metallic materials) or other relevant national or international standards., and outer diameter, tensile strength and weight shall be measured according to IEC 62219 (Overhead electrical conductors -Formed wire, concentric lay. stranded conductors) or other relevant national or international standards.

Emission sources	GHG types
Transmission loss in project	CO <sub>2</sub>

## F. Establishment and calculation of reference emissions

### F.1. Establishment of reference emissions

Reference emission is calculated by multiplying transmission loss in the reference scenario ( $LOSS_{RF,L}$ ) by the emission factor of the grid ( $EF_{Grid,y}$ ).

### F.2. Calculation of reference emissions

Reference emission is calculated by the following equation.

$$RE_y = \sum_L (LOSS_{RF,L,y} \times EF_{Grid,y}) \quad (1)$$

$$LOSS_{RF,L,y} = LOSS_{PJ,L,y} \times \frac{Rdc_{RF,L}}{Rdc_{PJ,L}} \quad (2)$$

Where

$RE_y$	=	Reference emissions during the period of year y [tCO <sub>2</sub> /yF]
$LOSS_{RF,L,y}$	=	Reference transmission loss at transmission line L in year y [MWh/y]
$EF_{Grid,y}$	=	CO <sub>2</sub> mission factor of the grid in year y [tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh]
$LOSS_{PJ,L,y}$	=	Project transmission loss at transmission line L in year y [MWh/y]
$Rdc_{RF,L}$	=	Direct current resistance of transmission line L using currently used transmission conductors (@20 deg. C) [ $\Omega$ /km]
$Rdc_{PJ,L}$	=	Direct current resistance of transmission line L using LL-ACSR/SA conductors (@20 deg. C) [ $\Omega$ /km]

## G. Calculation of project emissions

Project emission is calculated by multiplying transmission loss in the project ( $LOSS_{PJ,L}$ ) by the

CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor of the grid ( $EF_{Grid,y}$ ).

$$PE_y = \sum_L (LOSS_{PJ,L,y} \times EF_{Grid,y}) \quad (3)$$

$$LOSS_{PJ,L,y} = E_{L,send,y} - E_{L,receive,y} \quad (4)$$

Where

$PE_y$	=	Project emissions during the period of year y [tCO <sub>2</sub> /yr]
$LOSS_{PJ,L,y}$	=	Project transmission loss at transmission line L in year y [MWh/y]
$E_{L,send,y}$	=	Power sent from the point of origin/supply to the transmission line L in year y [MWh/y]
$E_{L,receive,y}$	=	Power received at the point of receipt of the transmission line L in year y [MWh/y]
$EF_{Grid,y}$	=	CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor of the grid in year y [tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh]

## H. Calculation of emissions reductions

Emission reduction is calculated by the following equation.

$$ER_y = RE_y - PE_y \quad (5)$$

Where

$ER_y$	=	Emission reduction in year y [tCO <sub>2</sub> /yr]
$RE_y$	=	Reference emission in year y [tCO <sub>2</sub> /yr]
$PE_y$	=	Project emission in year y [tCO <sub>2</sub> /yr]

### I. Data and parameters fixed *ex ante*

The source of each data and parameter fixed *ex ante* is listed as below.

Parameter	Description of data					Source
$R_{dc_{PJ,L}}$	Direct current resistance of transmission line L using LL-ACSR/SA conductors (@20 deg. C)					Measured according to IEC 60468 (Method of measurement of resistivity of metallic materials).
$R_{dc_{RFL}}$	As described in the following table					Based on MNS5870: 2008 <sup>2</sup>
	Type of energy-saving conductors	unit	Equivalent to LL-ACSR/SA 279/20mm <sup>2</sup>	Equivalent to LL-ACSR/SA 337/27mm <sup>2</sup>	Equivalent to LL-ACSR/SA 445/36mm <sup>2</sup>	
	$R_{dc_{RFL}}$ (Direct current resistance at 20degC)	$\Omega$ /km	0.1158	0.0939	0.0718	

<sup>2</sup> Allowing for 1% increase in diameter resulting in 2% reduction in direct current resistance as defined by MNS 5870: 2008.