# Joint Crediting Mechanism Approved Methodology MN\_AM003 "Installation of Solar PV System"

# A. Title of the methodology

Installation of Solar PV System, Ver. 03.0

## B. Terms and definitions

Terms	Definitions
Solar photovoltaic (PV) system	An electricity generation system which converts sunlight
	into electricity by the use of photovoltaic (PV) modules.
	The system also includes ancillary equipment such as
	inverters required to change the electrical current from
	direct current (DC) to alternating current (AC).

# C. Summary of the methodology

Items	Summary
GHG emission reduction	Displacement of grid electricity and/or captive electricity by
measures	installation and operation of solar PV system(s).
Calculation of reference	Reference emissions are calculated on the basis of the AC
emissions	output of the solar PV system(s) multiplied by either; 1) the
	conservative emission factor of the grid, or 2) conservative
	emission factor of diesel power generator.
Calculation of project	Project emissions are the emissions from the solar PV
emissions	system(s), which are assumed to be zero.
Monitoring parameters	The quantity of the electricity generated by the project solar PV
	system(s).

# D. Eligibility criteria

This methodology is applicable to projects that satisfy all of the following criteria.

Criterion 1 The project newly installs solar PV system(s).

Criterion 2	The PV modules obtained a certification of design qualifications (IEC 61215,	
	IEC 61646 or IEC 62108) and safety qualification (IEC 61730-1 and IEC	
	61730-2).	
Criterion 3	The equipment used to monitor output power of the solar PV system(s) and	
	irradiance is installed at the project site.	

## E. Emission Sources and GHG types

Reference emissions	
Emission sources	GHG types
Consumption of grid electricity and/or captive electricity	$CO_2$
Project emissions	
Emission sources	GHG types
Generation of electricity from the solar PV system(s)	N/A

#### F. Establishment and calculation of reference emissions

#### F.1. Establishment of reference emissions

The default emission factors are set in a conservative manner based on the Mongolian national grid which consists of Central Energy System (CES), Altai-Uliastai Energy System (AUES), Western Energy System (WES), Eastern Energy System (EES), and Southern (Gobi) Energy System (SES) and based on the most efficient heat efficiency of a diesel power generator.

In order to identify the emission factor based on the national grid simplistically and secure net emission reductions, this methodology applies the lowest emission factor of coal-fired power plant supplying electricity to the national grid, which is set to be 0.68 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh. This value is lower than the latest grid emission factors for CES, which are 0.884 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh (operating margin, 2015) and 0.833 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh (build margin, 2015) published by CDM EB, and it ensures net emission reductions.

In addition, the conservative emission factor based on a captive diesel power generator is calculated by applying the default heat efficiency of 49%, an efficiency level which is above the value of the world's leading diesel power generator, and set to 0.533 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh.

#### F.2. Calculation of reference emissions

$$RE_{p} = \sum_{i} (EG_{i,p} \times EF_{RE,i})$$

RE<sub>p</sub> : Reference emissions during the period p [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]

 $EG_{i,p}$ : Quantity of the electricity generated by the project solar PV system i during the

period *p* [MWh/p]

EF<sub>RE,i</sub>: Reference CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor for the project solar PV system *i* [tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh]

# G. Calculation of project emissions

Project emissions are not assumed in the methodology as electricity consumption by any PV system is negligible.

$$PE_p = 0$$

PE<sub>p</sub> : Project emissions during the period p [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]

# H. Calculation of emissions reductions

$$ER_p = RE_p - PE_p$$
$$= RE_p$$

ER<sub>p</sub> : Emission reductions during the period p [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]
 RE<sub>p</sub> : Reference emissions during the period p [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]
 PE<sub>p</sub> : Project emissions during the period p [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]

## I. Data and parameters fixed ex ante

The source of each data and parameter fixed ex ante is listed as below.

Parameter	Description of data	Source
EF <sub>RE,i</sub>	Reference CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for the project solar PV	Additional information
	system i.	The default emission
		factors are derived
	The value for EF <sub>RE,i</sub> is selected from the emission	from a study of

factor based on the national grid ( $EF_{RE,grid}$ ) or based on captive diesel power generator ( $EF_{RE,cap}$ ) in the following manner:

In case the PV system in a proposed project activity is connected to the national grid (CES, WES, AUES, EES, and/or SES) including internal grid which is not connected to a captive power generator, EF<sub>RE,grid</sub>, 0.68 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh is applied.

In case the PV system in a proposed project activity is connected to internal grid which is connected to both the national grid (CES, WES, AUES, EES, and/or SES) and a captive power generator, EF<sub>RE,cap</sub>, 0.533 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh is applied.

In case the PV system in a proposed project activity is connected to internal grid which is not connected to the national grid, EF<sub>RE,cap</sub>, 0.533 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh is applied.

electricity systems in Mongolia and the default heat efficiency of 49% which is set above the value of the most efficient diesel power generator. The default value is revised if deemed necessary by the JC.

## History of the document

Version	Date	Contents revised
03.0	4 August 2024	Revision to:  Update the reference emission factor based on the national grid to ensure conservativeness and net emission reductions.
02.0	30 January 2017	Revision to:  • Change the description of "Measurement methods and procedures" to clarify the requirement for calibration in the Monitoring Spreadsheet: JCM MN AM003.
01.0	29 September 2016	JC4, annex 1 Initial approval.