Joint Crediting Mechanism Approved Methodology CL_AM003 "Installation of biomass power plant"

A. Title of the methodology

Installation of biomass power plant, version 01.0

B. Terms and definitions

Terms	Definitions		
Biomass power plant	A biomass power plant, which consists of a biomass boiler, a		
	generator set (genset) and auxiliary equipment. The biomass		
	boiler generates heat by combusting biomass as its fuel, and		
	the genset uses the heat to generate electricity.		
Biomass	Biomass is non-fossilized and biodegradable organic material		
	originating from plants, animals and microorganisms. This shall		
	include products, by-products, residues and waste from		
	agriculture, forestry and related industries as well as the non-		
	fossilized and biodegradable organic fractions of industrial and		
	municipal wastes. Biomass also includes gases and liquids		
	recovered from the decomposition of non-fossilized and		
	biodegradable organic material.		
Biomass residue	Biomass residues are defined as biomass that is a by-product,		
	residue or waste stream from agriculture, forestry and related		
	industries. This shall not include municipal waste or other		
	wastes that contain fossilized and/or non-biodegradable material		
	(however, small fractions of inert inorganic material like soil or		
	sands may be included).		
Biomass boiler	A boiler which combusts biomass fuel to heat water and produce		
	steam.		
Recipient facility	A facility (e.g., building, plant, etc.) or a cluster of facilities to		
	which electricity generated by a biomass power plant is		
	supplied.		

C. Summary of the methodology

Items	Summary		
GHG emission reduction	GHG emission reductions can be achieved through the		
measures	displacement of grid and/or captive electricity by installation and		
	operation of a biomass power plant.		
Calculation of reference	Reference emissions are calculated from net electricity		
emissions	generated by a biomass power plant multiplied by a CO_2		
	emission factor for grid electricity or captive electricity.		
Calculation of project	Project emissions include the emissions from combustion of		
emissions	biomass fuels in a biomass power plant, the emissions from		
	combustion of fossil fuel at a biomass power plant and the		
	emissions from transportation of biomass residues.		
	[Emissions from biomass fuel combustion]		
	The emissions resulting from combustion of biomass fuels are		
	zero since they are carbon neutral.		
	[Emissions from fossil fuel combustion]		
	The emissions from combustion of fossil fuel at a biomass power		
	plant are calculated from the amount of fossil fuel consumption,		
	a net calorific value of the fuel and a CO ₂ emission factor of the		
	fuel.		
	[Emissions from transportation of solid biomass fuels]		
	The emissions from transportation of biomass residues are		
	calculated from the amount of fossil fuel consumption by the		
	transportation, a net calorific value of the fuel and a CO_2		
	emission factor of the fuel, if applicable. If not applicable, the		
	emissions from transportation of solid biomass fuels are		
	calculated from total mass of freight transported from each		
	collecting site, distance between each collecting site and a		
	biomass power plant and a CO ₂ emission factor of the		
	transportation.		
Monitoring parameters	• Net amount of electricity generated by a biomass power plant		
	• On-site consumption of fossil fuel for operating a biomass		
	power plant		

• Consumption of fossil fuel by transportation, if applicable				
• Round trip distance between collecting site and a biomass				
power plant, if applicable				
• Total mass of freight transported from collecting site, if				
applicable				

D. Eligibility criteria

This methodology is applicable to projects that satisfy all of the following criteria.

Criterion 1	A biomass power plant is newly installed and supplies electricity to the		
	regional grid and/or a recipient facility.		
Criterion 2	The project power plant(s) uses only solid biomass fuels made of biomass		
	residues.		
Criterion 3	Solid biomass fuels utilized for the project are not used for energy applications		
	in absence of the project activity. This can be demonstrated by the letter from		
	suppliers of biomass residues.		

E. Emission Sources and GHG types

Reference emissions	
Emission sources	GHG types
Grid electricity and/or captive power generation	CO ₂
Project emissions	
Emission sources	GHG types
Biomass fuel combustion in a biomass power plant	N/A
Fossil fuel consumption for operating a biomass power plant	CO ₂
Fossil fuel consumption by transportation of solid biomass fuels	CO ₂
and/or materials of solid biomass fuels from collecting sites to a	
biomass power plant	

F. Establishment and calculation of reference emissions

F.1. Establishment of reference emissions

Reference emissions are calculated based on the net amount of electricity generated by a

biomass power plant which replaces grid electricity and/or captive use where the project is implemented during a given time period.

The default emission factor is set in a conservative manner for the Chilean regional grids: the National Electricity System (SEN), the Aysén system and the Magallanes system. The emission factor is calculated based on the conservative operating margin that reflects on the latest electricity mix including low cost/must run resources for each regional grid in Chile during 2019-2021 and refers to the conservative emission factor of each fossil fuel power plant to secure net emission reductions. The conservative emission factor of each plant is calculated to be 0.826 tCO₂/MWh for coal-fired power plant and 0.352 tCO₂/MWh for gas-fired power plant based on the survey on heat efficiency of power plant in Chile. The emission factor for diesel power plant is calculated to be 0.533 tCO₂/MWh based on a default heat efficiency of 49%, an efficiency level which is above the value of the world's leading diesel power generators. As a result, in case a biomass power plant in a proposed project activity is connected to the regional grid, the emission factors shown in section I of this methodology are applied. In case a biomass power plant in a proposed project activity is connected to the regional grid, the emission factor is set to 0.533 tCO₂/MWh.

The emission factors for each region are shown in Section I.

F.2. Calculation of reference emissions

$RE_p = NEG_p \times EF_{RE,elec}$			
Where			
RE_p	:	Reference emissions during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]	
NEG_p	:	Net amount of electricity generated by the biomass power plant during the	
		period p [MWh/p]	
$EF_{RE,elec}$:	CO ₂ emission factor of the regional grid or the consumed electricity in the	
		recipient facility [tCO ₂ /MWh]	
* <i>NEG_p</i> is a	diff	erence between amount of gross generated electricity and amount of electricity	
consumed b	y a	project biomass power plant (e.g., building, plant, etc.) during the period <i>p</i> .	

G. Calculation of project emissions

$PE_p = PE_{onsite,p} + PE_{trans,p}$

Where

PE_p	:	Project emissions during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]
$PE_{onsite,p}$:	Project emissions by on-site consumption of fossil fuel for operating a
		biomass power plant during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]
$PE_{trans,p}$:	Project emissions by transportation activity of solid biomass fuels from

collecting sites to a biomass power plant during the period p [tCO₂/p]

 $PE_{onsite,p}$ is calculated as below.

$$PE_{onsite,p} = \sum_{i} FC_{onsite,i,p} \times NCV_{i} \times EF_{fuel,i}$$

Where

i

$FC_{onsite,i,p}$:	On-site consumption of fossil fuel i for operating a biomass power plant
		during the period <i>p</i> [mass or volume/p]

NCV_i : Net calorific value of fossil fuel *i* used for operating a biomass power plant [GJ/mass or volume]

: Indication number of fossil fuel type consumed on-site [-]

*If the total rated electrical output capacity of the project biomass power plant is equal to or less than 15 MW, the emissions from on-site consumption of fossil fuel for operating a biomass power plant may be neglected, following CDM Methodological Tool "Project and leakage emissions from biomass (version 04.0)."

*PE*_{trans,p} is calculated using one of the following options.

Option 1 : Monitoring fuel consumption

$$PE_{trans,p} = \sum_{j} FC_{trans,j,p} \times NCV_{j} \times EF_{fuel,j}$$

Where

 $FC_{trans,j,p}$: Consumption of fossil fuel j by transportation during the period p [mass or

		volume/p]			
NCV_j	:	Net calorific value of fossil fuel <i>j</i> used for transportation activity of solid			
		biomass fuels to a biomass power plant [GJ/mass or volume]			
$EF_{fuel,j}$:	CO_2 emission factor of fossil fuel <i>j</i> used for transportation activity of solid			
		biomass fuels to a biomass power plant [tCO2/GJ]			
j	:	Indication number of fossil fuel type consumed for transportation [-]			
Option 2 : N	Мon	itoring trip road distance and mass of freight $PE_{trans,p} = \sum_{k} \sum_{l} D_{k} \times FR_{k,l,p} \times EF_{vehicle,l}$			
Where					
D_k	:	Round trip distance between collecting site k and a biomass power plant			
ED		[Km]			
$FK_{k,l,p}$:	Total mass of freight transported from collecting site k by venicle type i			
FF		$CO_{\text{emission factor of webiele type } [tCO_{\text{top km}}]$			
LI' vehicle,l	•	Indication number of collecting site []			
ĸ	:	Indication number of collecting site [-]			
l	:	Indication number of vehicle type [-]			
*If the roun	d-tri	ip distance between collecting site k and a biomass power plant (D_k) is less than			
200 km and	the	total rated electrical output capacity of the project biomass power plant is equal			
to or less th	nan	15 MW, the emissions from the transportation may be neglected, following			

CDM Methodological Tool "Project and leakage emissions from biomass (version 04.0)."

H. Calculation of emissions reductions

$$ER_p = RE_p - PE_p$$

Where

ER_p	: Emission reductions during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]
RE_p	: Reference emissions during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]
PE_p	: Project emissions during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]

The source c	source of each data and parameter fixed <i>ex ante</i> is listed as below.				
Parameter	Description of data	Source			
$EF_{RE,elec}$	CO ₂ emission factor for the regional grid electricity	The default emission			
	or the consumed electricity in the recipient facility	factor is obtained from a			
	[tCO ₂ /MWh]	study of electricity			
		systems in Chile and the			
	The value for $EF_{RE,elec}$ is selected from the emission	most efficient diesel power			
	factor for grid electricity or for captive electricity	generator (49% heat			
	in the following manners:	efficiency). Once the			
		default values are revised,			
	In case a biomass power plant in a proposed project	the revised values are			
	activity is connected to the regional grid, the	applied.			
	following factor is applied for the respective				
	region.				
	Regional grid name:Emission factorSEN (National System)0.361 tCO2/MWhAysén System0.214 tCO2/MWhMagallanes System0.348 tCO2/MWh				
	In case a biomass power plant in a proposed project				
	activity is connected to an internal grid which is				
	not connected to the regional grid, 0.533				
	tCO ₂ /MWh is applied.				
NCV_i	Net calorific value of fossil fuel <i>i</i> used for	In the order of preference:			
	operating a biomass power plant [GJ/mass or	a) values provided by fuel			
	volume]	supplier;			
		b) measurement by the			
		project participants;			
		c) regional or national			

I. Data and parameters fixed *ex ante*

The source of each data and parameter fixed *ex ante* is listed as below

NCV_j	Net calorific valu	ue of fossil fuel <i>j</i> used for	default values; or		
	transportation ac	tivity of solid biomass fuels to a	d) IPCC default values		
	biomass power p	lant [GJ/mass or volume]	provided in 2006 IPCC		
			Guidelines on National		
			GHG Inventories. Upper		
			value is applied.		
$EF_{fuel,i}$	CO ₂ emission fac	ctor for fossil fuel <i>i</i> used for	In the order of preference:		
	operating a biom	ass power plant [tCO ₂ /GJ]	a) values provided by fuel		
			supplier/collector;		
			b) measurement by the		
			project participants;		
			c) regional or national		
EFfueli	CO_2 emission fac	tor of fossil fuel <i>i</i> used for	default values; or		
<i>—– juei</i> ,j	transportation ac	tivity of biomass residues to a	d) IPCC default values		
	biomass power p	lant [tCO ₂ /GJ]	provided in 2006 IPCC		
		L - J	Guidelines on National		
			GHG Inventories. Upper		
			value is applied.		
EF vehicle 1	CO ₂ emission fac	tor of vehicle type <i>l</i> [tCO ₂ /ton-	The default values		
	km]		provided in the CDM Methodological Tool		
	Vehicle class	EF vehicle,1	"Project and leakage		
	Light vehicle	0.000245 tCO ₂ /ton-km	emissions from		
	Heavy vehicle	0.000129 tCO ₂ /ton-km	transportation of freight."		
	Vehicles with a g	ross vehicle mass being less or			
	equal to 26 tonne	es are classified in light vehicle.			
	Vehicles with a g	ross vehicle mass being higher			
	than 26 tonnes an	e classified in heavy vehicle.			
	* If both vehicle	classes are used in the project, the			
	larger value (0.0	$00245 \text{ tCO}_2/(t \cdot \text{km}))$ is applied.			

History of the document

Version Date	Contents revised
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01.0	10 April 2023	Electronic decision by the Joint Committee
		Initial approval.