

**Joint Crediting Mechanism Approved Methodology BD\_AM001**  
**“Energy Saving by Introduction of High Efficiency Centrifugal Chiller”**

**A. Title of the methodology**

Energy Saving by Introduction of High Efficiency Centrifugal Chiller, Version 2.0

**B. Terms and definitions**

Terms	Definitions
Centrifugal chiller	A centrifugal chiller is a chiller applying a centrifugal compressor. It is commonly used for air-conditioning with huge cooling load, e.g., buildings, shopping malls or factories etc.
Cooling capacity	Cooling capacity is the ability of individual chiller to remove heat. In this methodology, “cooling capacity” is used to represent a cooling capacity per one chiller unit and not for a system with multiple chiller units.
Periodical check	Periodical check is a periodical investigation of chiller done by manufacturer or agent who is authorized by the manufacturer, in order to maintain chiller performance.

**C. Summary of the methodology**

Items	Summary
<i>GHG emission reduction measures</i>	This methodology applies to the project that aims for saving energy by introducing high efficiency centrifugal chiller for the target factory, commerce facilities etc. in Bangladesh.
<i>Calculation of reference emissions</i>	Reference emissions are GHG emissions from using reference chiller, calculated with power consumption of project chiller, ratio of COPs (Coefficient Of Performance) of reference/project chillers and CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for electricity consumed.
<i>Calculation of project</i>	Project emissions are GHG emissions from using project

<i>emissions</i>	chiller, calculated with power consumption of project chiller and CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for electricity consumed.
<i>Monitoring parameter</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Power consumption of project chiller</li> <li>● Amount of fuel consumed and amount of electricity generated by captive power, where applicable.</li> </ul>

#### D. Eligibility criteria

This methodology is applicable to projects that satisfy all of the following criteria.

Criterion 1	Project chiller is a centrifugal chiller with a capacity of less than 1,150 USRt. * 1 USRt = 3.52 kW
Criterion 2	<p>COP for project chiller <i>i</i> calculated under the standardizing temperature conditions* (<math>COP_{PJ,tc,i}</math>) is more than 6.0.</p> <p><math>COP_{PJ,tc,i}</math> is a recalculation of COP of project chiller <i>i</i> (<math>COP_{PJ,i}</math>) adjusting temperature conditions from the project specific condition to the standardizing conditions. <math>COP_{PJ,i}</math> is derived in specifications prepared for the quotation or factory acceptance test data at the time of shipment by manufacturer.</p> <p>[equation to calculate <math>COP_{PJ,tc,i}</math>]</p> $COP_{PJ,tc,i} = COP_{PJ,i} \times [(T_{cooling-out,i} - T_{chilled-out,i} + TD_{chilled} + TD_{cooling}) \div (37 - 7 + TD_{chilled} + TD_{cooling})]$ <p><math>COP_{PJ,tc,i}</math> : COP of project chiller <i>i</i> calculated under the standardizing temperature conditions* [-]</p> <p><math>COP_{PJ,i}</math> : COP of project chiller <i>i</i> under the project specific conditions [-]</p> <p><math>T_{cooling-out,i}</math> : Output cooling water temperature of project chiller <i>i</i> set under the project specific condition [degree Celsius]</p> <p><math>T_{chilled-out,i}</math> : Output chilled water temperature of project chiller <i>i</i> set under the project specific condition [degree Celsius]</p> <p><math>TD_{cooling}</math> : Temperature difference between condensing temperature of refrigerant and output cooling water temperature 1.5 degree Celsius set as a default value [degree Celsius]</p> <p><math>TD_{chilled}</math> : Temperature difference between evaporating temperature of refrigerant and output chilled water temperature, 1.5 degree Celsius set as a default value [degree Celsius]</p>



## F.2. Calculation of reference emissions

$$RE_p = \sum_i \{ EC_{PJ,i,p} \times (COP_{PJ,tc,i} \div COP_{RE,i}) \times EF_{elec} \}$$

$RE_p$  : Reference emissions during the period  $p$  [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]

$EC_{PJ,i,p}$  : Power consumption of project chiller  $i$  during the period  $p$  [MWh/p]

$COP_{PJ,tc,i}$  : COP of project chiller  $i$  calculated under the standardizing temperature conditions  
[-]

$COP_{RE,i}$  : COP of reference chiller  $i$  under the standardizing temperature conditions [-]

$EF_{elec}$  : CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity [tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh]

## G. Calculation of project emissions

$$PE_p = \sum_i (EC_{PJ,i,p} \times EF_{elec})$$

$PE_p$  : Project emissions during the period  $p$  [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]

$EC_{PJ,i,p}$  : Power consumption of project chiller  $i$  during the period  $p$  [MWh/p]

$EF_{elec}$  : CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity [tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh]

## H. Calculation of emissions reductions

$$ER_p = RE_p - PE_p$$

$ER_p$  : Emission reductions during the period  $p$  [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]

$RE_p$  : Reference emissions during the period  $p$  [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]

$PE_p$  : Project emissions during the period  $p$  [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]

## I. Data and parameters fixed *ex ante*

The source of each data and parameter fixed *ex ante* is listed as below.

Parameter	Description of data	Source
$EF_{elec}$	CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity [tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh]. — When project chiller consumes only grid	[Grid electricity] The most recent value available at the time of validation is applied and fixed for the

	<p>electricity or captive electricity, the project participant applies the CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor respectively.</p> <p>When project chiller may consume both grid electricity and captive electricity, the project participant applies the CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor with lower value.</p> <p>[CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor]</p> <p>For grid electricity: The most recent value available from the source stated in this table at the time of validation</p> <p>For captive electricity <u>including cogeneration system</u>, it is determined based on the following options:</p> <p><del>a) 0.8*</del></p> <p><del>*The most recent value available from CDM approved small scale methodology AMS I.A at the time of validation is applied.</del></p> <p><b>b)</b> Calculated from its power generation efficiency (<math>\eta_{elec}</math> [%]) obtained from manufacturer's specification</p> <p>The power generation efficiency based on lower heating value (LHV) of the captive power generation system from the manufacturer's specification is applied;</p> $EF_{elec} = 3.6 \times \frac{100}{\eta_{elec}} \times EF_{fuel}$ <p><b>eb)</b> Calculated from measured data</p> <p>The power generation efficiency calculated from monitored data of the amount of fuel input for power generation (<math>FC_{PJ,p}</math>) and the</p>	<p>monitoring period thereafter.</p> <p>The data is sourced from "Grid Emission Factor (GEF) of Bangladesh", endorsed by National CDM Committee unless otherwise instructed by the Joint Committee.</p> <p>[Captive electricity]</p> <p>For the option a)– <del>CDM approved small scale methodology: AMS I.A</del></p> <p><del>For the option b)</del></p> <p>Specification of the captive power generation system provided by the manufacturer (<math>\eta_{elec}</math> [%]).</p> <p>CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor of the fossil fuel type used in the captive power generation system (<math>EF_{fuel}</math> [tCO<sub>2</sub>/GJ])</p> <p>For the option <b>eb)</b></p> <p>Generated and supplied electricity by the captive power generation system (<math>EG_{PJ,p}</math> [MWh/p]).</p> <p>Fuel amount consumed by the captive power generation system (<math>FC_{PJ,p}</math> [mass or <del>weight</del>volume/p]).</p> <p>Net calorific value and (<math>NCV_{fuel}</math> [GJ/mass or <del>weight</del>volume]) CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor of the fuel (<math>EF_{fuel}</math> [tCO<sub>2</sub>/GJ]) in order of</p>
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<p>amount of electricity generated (<math>EG_{PJ,p}</math>) during the monitoring period <math>p</math> is applied. The measurement is conducted with the monitoring equipment to which calibration certificate is issued by an entity accredited under national/international standards;</p> $EF_{elec} = FC_{PJ,p} \times NCV_{fuel} \times EF_{fuel} \times \frac{1}{EG_{PJ,p}}$ <p>Where:  <math>NCV_{fuel}</math> : Net calorific value of consumed fuel [GJ/mass or <del>weight</del>volume]</p> <p><u>Note:</u>  <u>In case the captive electricity generation system meets all of the following conditions, the value in the following table may be applied to <math>EF_{elec}</math> depending on the consumed fuel type.</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <u>The system is non-renewable generation system</u></li> <li>• <u>Electricity generation capacity of the system is less than or equal to 15 MW</u></li> </ul> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="padding: 5px;">fuel type</th> <th style="padding: 5px;"><u>Diesel fuel</u></th> <th style="padding: 5px;">Natural gas</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;"><math>EF_{elec}</math></td> <td style="padding: 5px;"><u>0.8 *1</u></td> <td style="padding: 5px;"><u>0.46 *2</u></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><u>*1 The most recent value at the time of validation is applied.</u></p> <p><u>*2 The value is calculated with the equation in the option a) above. The lower value of default effective CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor for natural gas (0.0543tCO<sub>2</sub>/GJ), and the most efficient value of default efficiency for off-grid gas turbine systems (42%) are applied.</u></p>	fuel type	<u>Diesel fuel</u>	Natural gas	$EF_{elec}$	<u>0.8 *1</u>	<u>0.46 *2</u>	<p>preference:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) values provided by the fuel supplier;</li> <li>2) measurement by the project participants;</li> <li>3) regional or national default values;</li> <li>4) IPCC default values provided in table 1.2 and table 1.4 of Ch.1 Vol.2 of 2006 IPCC Guidelines on National GHG Inventories. Lower value is applied.</li> </ol> <p><u>[Captive electricity with diesel fuel]</u>  <u>CDM approved small scale methodology: AMS-I.A.</u></p> <p><u>[Captive electricity with natural gas]</u>  <u>2006 IPCC Guidelines on National GHG Inventories for the source of EF of natural gas.</u>  <u>CDM Methodological tool "Determining the baseline efficiency of thermal or electric energy generation systems version 02.0" for the default efficiency for off-grid power plants.</u></p>
fuel type	<u>Diesel fuel</u>	Natural gas					
$EF_{elec}$	<u>0.8 *1</u>	<u>0.46 *2</u>					

COP <sub>RE,i</sub>	<p>The COP of the reference chiller <i>i</i> is selected from the default COP value in the following table in line with cooling capacity of the project chiller <i>i</i>.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="4">COP<sub>RE,i</sub></th> </tr> <tr> <th>Cooling capacity /unit (USRt)</th> <th>x&lt;300</th> <th>300 x&lt;700</th> <th>700 x&lt;1,150</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>COP<sub>RE,i</sub></td> <td>5.13</td> <td>5.50</td> <td>5.66</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	COP <sub>RE,i</sub>				Cooling capacity /unit (USRt)	x<300	300 x<700	700 x<1,150	COP <sub>RE,i</sub>	5.13	5.50	5.66	<p>The default COP value is derived from the result of survey on COP of chillers from manufacturers that has high market share. The survey should prove the use of clear methodology. The COP<sub>RE,i</sub> should be revised if necessary from survey result which is conducted by JC or project participants.</p>
COP <sub>RE,i</sub>														
Cooling capacity /unit (USRt)	x<300	300 x<700	700 x<1,150											
COP <sub>RE,i</sub>	5.13	5.50	5.66											
COP <sub>PJ,i</sub>	<p>The COP of project chiller <i>i</i> under the project specific condition.</p>	<p>Specifications of project chiller <i>i</i> prepared for the quotation or factory acceptance test data by manufacturer</p>												
T <sub>cooling-out,i</sub>	<p>Output cooling water temperature of project chiller <i>i</i> set under the project specific condition.</p>	<p>Specifications of project chiller <i>i</i> prepared for the quotation or factory acceptance test data by manufacturer</p>												
T <sub>chilled-out,i</sub>	<p>Output chilled water temperature of project chiller <i>i</i> set under the project specific condition.</p>	<p>Specifications of project chiller <i>i</i> prepared for the quotation or factory acceptance test data by manufacturer</p>												

#### History of the document

Version	Date	Contents revised
<u>02.0</u>	<u>15 March 2018</u>	<p><u>Electronic decision by the Joint Committee</u>  <u>Revision to:</u>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <u>Change the description of “CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity (for captive electricity)” and “Measurement methods and procedures”.</u></li> </ul> </p>
01.0	9 March 2016	<p>JC3, Annex 10  Initial approval.</p>

## Monitoring Plan Sheet (Input Sheet) [Attachment to Project Design Document]

Table 1: Parameters to be monitored ex post

(a) Monitoring point No.	(b) Parameters	(c) Description of data	(d) Estimated Values	(e) Units	(f) Monitoring option	(g) Source of data	(h) Measurement methods and procedures	(i) Monitoring frequency	(j) Other comments
(1)	$EC_{P,i,p}$	Power consumption of project chiller $i$ during the period $p$		MWh/p	Option C	Monitored data	<p>Data is measured by measuring equipments in the factory.</p> <p>- Specification of measuring equipments:</p> <p>-1) Electrical power meter is applied for measurement of electrical power consumption of project chiller.</p> <p>-2) Meter is certified in compliance with national/international standards on electrical power meter.</p> <p>- Measuring and recording:</p> <p>-1) Measured data is recorded and stored in the measuring equipments.</p> <p>-2) Recorded data is checked its integrity once a month by responsible staff.</p> <p>- Calibration:</p> <p>- In case a calibration certificate issued by an entity accredited under national/international standards is not provided, such measuring equipment is required to be calibrated.</p> <p>Data is measured by measuring equipment.</p> <p>The measuring equipment is replaced or calibrated at an interval following the regulations in the country in which the measuring equipment is commonly used or according to the manufacturer's recommendation, unless a type approval, manufacturer's specification, or certification issued by an entity accredited under international/national standards for the measuring equipment has been prepared by the time of installation.</p>	Continuously	
(2)	$FC_{P,i,p}$	The amount of fuel input for power generation during the monitoring period $p$		mass or volumeweight/p	Option B	Invoice from fuel supply company	Data is collected and recorded from the invoices by the fuel supply company.	Continuously	for option b)e)
(3)	$EG_{P,i,p}$	The amount of electricity generated during the monitoring period $p$		MWh/p	Option C	Monitored data	<p>Data is measured by measuring equipments in the factory.</p> <p>- Specification of measuring equipments:</p> <p>-1) Electrical power meter is applied for measurement of electrical power consumption of project chiller.</p> <p>-2) Meter is certified in compliance with national/international standards on electrical power meter.</p> <p>- Measuring and recording:</p> <p>-1) Measured data is recorded and stored in the measuring equipments.</p> <p>-2) Recorded data is checked its integrity once a month by responsible staff.</p> <p>- Calibration:</p> <p>- In case a calibration certificate issued by an entity accredited under national/international standards is not provided, such measuring equipment is required to be calibrated.</p> <p>Data is measured by measuring equipment.</p> <p>The measuring equipment is replaced or calibrated at an interval following the regulations in the country in which the measuring equipment is commonly used or according to the manufacturer's recommendation, unless a type approval, manufacturer's specification, or certification issued by an entity accredited under international/national standards for the measuring equipment has been prepared by the time of installation.</p>	Continuously	for option b)e)

**Table 2: Project-specific parameters to be fixed ex ante**

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
Parameters	Description of data	Estimated Values	Units	Source of data	Other comments
EF <sub>elec</sub>	[For grid electricity] CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity		tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	The most recent value available at the time of validation is applied and fixed for the monitoring period thereafter. The data is sourced from "Grid Emission Factor (GEF) of Bangladesh", endorsed by National CDM Committee unless otherwise instructed by the Joint Committee.	
EF <sub>elec</sub>	[For captive electricity] CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity <b>Option a</b>		tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	Determined based on the following options: a) the most recent value available from CDM approved small scale methodology AMS-I.A., b) power generation efficiency obtained from manufacturer's specification, and c) the power generation efficiency calculated from monitored data of the amount of fuel input for power generation and the amount of electricity generated.	
EF <sub>elec</sub>	[For captive electricity] CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity <b>Option ab</b>	0.000	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	Calculated Power generation efficiency obtained from manufacturer's specification	Calculated
EF <sub>elec</sub>	[For captive electricity] CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity <b>Option bc</b>	0.000	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	Calculated The power generation efficiency calculated from monitored data of the amount of fuel input for power generation and the amount of electricity generated.	Calculated
EF <sub>elec</sub>	[For captive electricity] <b>In case the captive electricity generation system meets all of the following conditions;</b> - The system is non-renewable generation system - Electricity generation capacity of the system is less than or equal to 15 MW		tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	[Captive electricity with diesel fuel] CDM approved small scale methodology: AMS-I.A.  [Captive electricity with natural gas] 2006 IPCC Guidelines on National GHG Inventories for the source of EF of natural gas. CDM Methodological tool "Determining the baseline efficiency of thermal or electric energy generation systems version 02.0" for the default efficiency for off-grid power plants.	
T <sub>cooling-out,i</sub>	Output cooling water temperature of project chiller <i>i</i> set under the project specific condition		degree Celsius	Specifications of project chiller <i>i</i> prepared for the quotation or factory acceptance test data by manufacturer	
T <sub>chilled-out,i</sub>	Output chilled water temperature of project chiller <i>i</i> set under the project specific condition		degree Celsius	Specifications of project chiller <i>i</i> prepared for the quotation or factory acceptance test data by manufacturer	
COP <sub>RE,i</sub>	COP of reference chiller <i>i</i> under the standardizing temperature conditions		-	Selected from the default values set in the methodology	
COP <sub>PJ,i</sub>	COP of project chiller <i>i</i> under the project specific conditions		-	Specifications of project chiller <i>i</i> prepared for the quotation or factory acceptance test data by manufacturer	
COP <sub>PJ,tc,i</sub>	COP of project chiller <i>i</i> calculated under the standardizing temperature conditions	0.00	-	Calculated with the following equation; $COP_{PJ,tc,i} = COP_{PJ,i} \times [(T_{cooling-out,i} - T_{chilled-out,i} + TD_{chilled} + TD_{cooling}) \div (37 - 7 + TD_{chilled} + TD_{cooling})]$	
η <sub>elec</sub>	Power generation efficiency		%	Specification of the captive power generation system provided by the manufacturer.	for option a)b)
NCV <sub>fuel</sub>	Net calorific value of consumed fuel		GJ/mass or volumeweigh	In order of preference: 1) values provided by the fuel supplier; 2) measurement by the project participants; 3) regional or national default values; 4) IPCC default values provided in table 1.24.4 of Ch.1 Vol.2 of 2006 IPCC Guidelines on National GHG Inventories. Lower value is applied.	for option b)e)
EF <sub>fuel</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor of consumed fuel		tCO <sub>2</sub> /GJ	In order of preference: 1) values provided by the fuel supplier; 2) measurement by the project participants; 3) regional or national default values; 4) IPCC default values provided in table 1.4 of Ch.1 Vol.2 of 2006 IPCC Guidelines on National GHG Inventories. Lower value is applied.	for both option a)b) and b)e)

**Table3: Ex-ante estimation of CO<sub>2</sub> emission reductions**

CO <sub>2</sub> emission reductions	Units
#DIV/0!	tCO <sub>2</sub> /p

**[Monitoring option]**

Option A	Based on public data which is measured by entities other than the project participants (Data used: publicly recognized data such as statistical data and specifications)
Option B	Based on the amount of transaction which is measured directly using measuring equipments (Data used: commercial evidence such as invoices)
Option C	Based on the actual measurement using measuring equipments (Data used: measured values)

## Monitoring Plan Sheet (Calculation Process Sheet) [Attachment to Project Design Document]

1. Calculations for emission reductions	Fuel type	Value	Units	Parameter
Emission reductions during the period $p$	N/A	#DIV/0!	tCO <sub>2</sub> /p	ER <sub>p</sub>
2. Selected default values, etc.				
COP of reference chiller $i$ under the standardizing temperature conditions	N/A	0.00	-	COP <sub>RE,i</sub>
3. Calculations for reference emissions				
Reference emissions during the period $p$	N/A	#DIV/0!	tCO <sub>2</sub> /p	RE <sub>p</sub>
CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity [grid]	Electricity	0.000	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	EF <sub>elec</sub>
CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity [captive]	Electricity	0.000	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	EF <sub>elec</sub>
CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity with lower value [grid or captive]	Electricity	0.000	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	EF <sub>elec</sub>
Power consumption of project chiller $i$	Electricity	0	MWh/p	EC <sub>PJ,i,p</sub>
COP of reference chiller $i$ under the standardizing temperature conditions	N/A	0.00	-	COP <sub>RE,i</sub>
COP of project chiller $i$ calculated under the standardizing temperature conditions	N/A	0.00	-	COP <sub>PJ,tc,i</sub>
4. Calculations of the project emissions				
Project emissions during the period $p$	N/A	0.00	tCO <sub>2</sub> /p	PE <sub>p</sub>
CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity [grid]	Electricity	0.000	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	EF <sub>elec</sub>
CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity [captive]	Electricity	0.000	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	EF <sub>elec</sub>
CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity with lower value [grid or captive]	Electricity	0.000	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	EF <sub>elec</sub>
Power consumption of project chiller $i$	Electricity	0	MWh/p	EC <sub>PJ,i,p</sub>

## [List of Default Values]

COP <sub>RE,i</sub> ( $x < 300$ USRt)	5.13	-
COP <sub>RE,i</sub> ( $300 \leq x < 700$ USRt)	5.50	-
COP <sub>RE,i</sub> ( $700 \leq x < 1,150$ USRt)	5.66	-
TD <sub>cooling</sub>	1.5	degree Celsius
TD <sub>chilled</sub>	1.5	degree Celsius

**Monitoring Structure Sheet [Attachment to Project Design Document]**

Responsible personnel	Role

## Monitoring Report Sheet (Input Sheet) [For Verification]

Table 1: Parameters monitored *ex post*

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)
Monitoring period	Monitoring point No.	Parameters	Description of data	Monitored Values	Units	Monitoring option	Source of data	Measurement methods and procedures	Monitoring frequency	Other comments
	(1)	EC <sub>P,J,i,p</sub>	Power consumption of project chiller <i>i</i> during the period <i>p</i>		MWh/p	Option C	Monitored data	<p>Data is measured by measuring equipments in the factory.</p> <p>- Specification of measuring equipments:            -1) Electrical power meter is applied for measurement of electrical power consumption of project chiller.            -2) Meter is certified in compliance with national/international standards on electrical power meter.</p> <p>- Measuring and recording:            -1) Measured data is recorded and stored in the measuring equipments.            -2) Recorded data is checked its integrity once a month by responsible staff.</p> <p>- Calibration:            - In case a calibration certificate issued by an entity accredited under national/international standards is not provided, such measuring equipment is required to be calibrated.</p> <p>Data is measured by measuring equipment.            The measuring equipment is replaced or calibrated at an interval following the regulations in the country in which the measuring equipment is commonly used or according to the manufacturer's recommendation, unless a type approval, manufacturer's specification, or certification issued by an entity accredited under international/national standards for the measuring equipment has been prepared by the time of installation.</p>	Continuously	
	(2)	FC <sub>P,J,p</sub>	The amount of fuel input for power generation during the monitoring period <i>p</i>		mass or volumeweight /p	Option B	Invoice from fuel supply company	Data is collected and recorded from the invoices by the fuel supply company.	Continuously	for option b)e)
	(3)	EG <sub>P,J,p</sub>	The amount of electricity generated during the monitoring period <i>p</i>		MWh/p	Option C	Monitored data	<p>Data is measured by measuring equipments in the factory.</p> <p>- Specification of measuring equipments:            -1) Electrical power meter is applied for measurement of electrical power consumption of project chiller.            -2) Meter is certified in compliance with national/international standards on electrical power meter.</p> <p>- Measuring and recording:            -1) Measured data is recorded and stored in the measuring equipments.            -2) Recorded data is checked its integrity once a month by responsible staff.</p> <p>- Calibration:            - In case a calibration certificate issued by an entity accredited under national/international standards is not provided, such measuring equipment is required to be calibrated.</p> <p>Data is measured by measuring equipment.            The measuring equipment is replaced or calibrated at an interval following the regulations in the country in which the measuring equipment is commonly used or according to the manufacturer's recommendation, unless a type approval, manufacturer's specification, or certification issued by an entity accredited under international/national standards for the measuring equipment has been prepared by the time of installation.</p>	Continuously	for option b)e)

**Table 2: Project-specific parameters fixed ex ante**

(a) Parameters	(b) Description of data	(c) Estimated Values	(d) Units	(e) Source of data	(f) Other comments
EF <sub>elec</sub>	[For grid electricity] CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity	0.000	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	The most recent value available at the time of validation is applied and fixed for the monitoring period thereafter. The data is sourced from "Grid Emission Factor (GEF) of Bangladesh", endorsed by National CDM Committee unless otherwise instructed by the Joint Committee.	
EF <sub>elec</sub>	[For captive electricity] CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity <b>Option a</b>		tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	Determined based on the following options: a) the most recent value available from CDM approved small scale methodology AMS-I.A., b) power generation efficiency obtained from manufacturer's specification, and c) the power generation efficiency calculated from monitored data of the amount of fuel input for power generation and the amount of electricity generated.	
EF <sub>elec</sub>	[For captive electricity] CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity <b>Option ab</b>	0.000	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	Calculated Power generation efficiency obtained from manufacturer's specification	Calculated
EF <sub>elec</sub>	[For captive electricity] CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity <b>Option bc</b>	0.000	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	Calculated The power generation efficiency calculated from monitored data of the amount of fuel input for power generation and the amount of electricity generated.	Calculated
EF <sub>elec</sub>	[For captive electricity] <b>In case the captive electricity generation system meets all of the following conditions;</b> - The system is non-renewable generation system - Electricity generation capacity of the system is less than or equal to 15 MW	0.000	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	[Captive electricity with diesel fuel] CDM approved small scale methodology: AMS-I.A.  [Captive electricity with natural gas] 2006 IPCC Guidelines on National GHG Inventories for the source of EF of natural gas. CDM Methodological tool "Determining the baseline efficiency of thermal or electric energy generation systems version 02.0" for the default efficiency for off-grid power plants.	
T <sub>cooling-out,i</sub>	Output cooling water temperature of project chiller <i>i</i> set under the project specific condition	0.0	degree Celsius	Specifications of project chiller <i>i</i> prepared for the quotation or factory acceptance test data by manufacturer	
T <sub>chilled-out,i</sub>	Output chilled water temperature of project chiller <i>i</i> set under the project specific condition	0.0	degree Celsius	Specifications of project chiller <i>i</i> prepared for the quotation or factory acceptance test data by manufacturer	
COP <sub>RE,i</sub>	COP of reference chiller <i>i</i> under the standardizing temperature conditions	0.00	-	Selected from the default values set in the methodology	
COP <sub>PJ,i</sub>	COP of project chiller <i>i</i> under the project specific conditions	0.00	-	Specifications of project chiller <i>i</i> prepared for the quotation or factory acceptance test data by manufacturer	
COP <sub>PJ,ic,i</sub>	COP of project chiller <i>i</i> calculated under the standardizing temperature conditions	0.00	-	Calculated with the following equation; $COP_{PJ,ic,i} = COP_{PJ,i} \times \left( \frac{T_{cooling-out,i} - T_{chilled-out,i} + TD_{chilled} + TD_{cooling}}{37 - 7 + TD_{chilled} + TD_{cooling}} \right)$	
η <sub>elec</sub>	Power generation efficiency	0.0	%	Specification of the captive power generation system provided by the manufacturer.	for option a)b)
NCV <sub>fuel</sub>	Net calorific value of consumed fuel	0.00	GJ/mass or volumeweight	In order of preference: 1) values provided by the fuel supplier; 2) measurement by the project participants; 3) regional or national default values; 4) IPCC default values provided in table 1.24-4 of Ch.1 Vol.2 of 2006 IPCC Guidelines on National GHG Inventories. Lower value is applied.	for option b)e)
EF <sub>fuel</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor of consumed fuel	0.00	tCO <sub>2</sub> /GJ	In order of preference: 1) values provided by the fuel supplier; 2) measurement by the project participants; 3) regional or national default values; 4) IPCC default values provided in table 1.4 of Ch.1 Vol.2 of 2006 IPCC Guidelines on National GHG Inventories. Lower value is applied.	for both option a)b) and b)e)

**Table3: Ex-post calculation of CO<sub>2</sub> emission reductions**

Monitoring Period	CO <sub>2</sub> emission reductions	Units
	#DIV/0!	tCO <sub>2</sub> /p

**[Monitoring option]**

Option A	Based on public data which is measured by entities other than the project participants (Data used: publicly recognized data such as statistical data and specifications)
Option B	Based on the amount of transaction which is measured directly using measuring equipments (Data used: commercial evidence such as invoices)
Option C	Based on the actual measurement using measuring equipments (Data used: measured values)

## Monitoring Report Sheet (Calculation Process Sheet) [For Verification]

1. Calculations for emission reductions	Fuel type	Value	Units	Parameter
Emission reductions during the period $p$	N/A	#DIV/0!	tCO <sub>2</sub> /p	ER <sub>p</sub>
2. Selected default values, etc.				
COP of reference chiller $i$ under the standardizing temperature conditions	N/A	0.00	-	COP <sub>RE,i</sub>
3. Calculations for reference emissions				
Reference emissions during the period $p$	N/A	#DIV/0!	tCO <sub>2</sub> /p	RE <sub>p</sub>
CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity [grid]	Electricity	0.000	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	EF <sub>elec</sub>
CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity [captive]	Electricity	0.000	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	EF <sub>elec</sub>
CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity with lower value [grid or captive]	Electricity	0.000	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	EF <sub>elec</sub>
Power consumption of project chiller $i$	Electricity	0	MWh/p	EC <sub>PJ,i,p</sub>
COP of reference chiller $i$ under the standardizing temperature conditions	N/A	0.00	-	COP <sub>RE,i</sub>
COP of project chiller $i$ calculated under the standardizing temperature conditions	N/A	0.00	-	COP <sub>PJ,tc,i</sub>
4. Calculations of the project emissions				
Project emissions during the period $p$	N/A	0.00	tCO <sub>2</sub> /p	PE <sub>p</sub>
CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity [grid]	Electricity	0.000	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	EF <sub>elec</sub>
CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity [captive]	Electricity	0.000	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	EF <sub>elec</sub>
CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity with lower value [grid or captive]	Electricity	0.000	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	EF <sub>elec</sub>
Power consumption of project chiller $i$	Electricity	0	MWh/p	EC <sub>PJ,i,p</sub>

## [List of Default Values]

COP <sub>RE,i</sub> ( $x < 300$ USRt)	5.13	-
COP <sub>RE,i</sub> ( $300 \leq x < 700$ USRt)	5.50	-
COP <sub>RE,i</sub> ( $700 \leq x < 1,150$ USRt)	5.66	-
TD <sub>cooling</sub>	1.5	degree Celsius
TD <sub>chilled</sub>	1.5	degree Celsius