# JCM Proposed Methodology Form

# Cover sheet of the Proposed Methodology Form

Form for submitting the proposed methodology

Host Country	Indonesia			
Name of the methodology proponents	Toray Industries Inc.			
submitting this form				
Sectoral scope(s) to which the Proposed	3. Energy demand			
Methodology applies				
Title of the proposed methodology, and	Installation of energy saving air jet loom at			
version number	textile factory, Version 1.0			
List of documents to be attached to this form	The attached draft JCM-PDD:			
(please check):	⊠Additional information			
	Appendix1: Additional information to the			
	proposed JCM methodology "Installation of			
	energy saving air jet loom at textile factory"			
Date of completion	10/05/2016			

# History of the proposed methodology

Version	Date	Contents revised
1.0	10/05/2016	First Edition

# A. Title of the methodology

Installation of energy saving air jet loom at textile factory, Version 1.0

### B. Terms and definitions

Terms	Definitions
Air jet loom	A loom which uses a jet of air to propel the weft yarn through
	the shed
Specific electricity	Amount of electricity to generate one unit of compressed air
consumption of the air	
compressors	
Specific air consumption of	Amount of compressed air to weave one unit of fabric
the air jet loom	

# C. Summary of the methodology

Items Summary				
GHG emission reduction	Installing air jet looms at textile factory which reduces			
measures	compressed air consumption and leads to reducing electricity			
	consumption by the compressor.			
Calculation of reference	Reference emissions are calculated with amount of fabric			
emissions	produced in the project, the specific air consumption of the			
	project air jet loom, reduction rate of air consumption, the			
	specific electricity consumption of the air compressors and CO <sub>2</sub>			
	emission factor for electricity consumed.			
Calculation of project	Project emissions are calculated with amount of fabric produced			
emissions	in the project, the specific air consumption of the project air jet			
	loom, the specific electricity consumption of the air compressors			
	and CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for electricity consumed.			
Monitoring parameters	Amount of fabric woven in the project			

# D. Eligibility criteria

This methodology is applicable to projects that satisfy all of the following criteria.

Criterion 1	The project replaces existing air jet looms at a weaving factory with air jet lo				
	equipped with energy saving technologies such as an optimized shape reed's				

	tunnel of nozzles and a pressure sensor to measure air pressure of nozzles for				
	optimization of compressed air consumption of welt insertion				
Criterion 2	The air jet looms which are installed by the project reduce the specific air				
	consumption by at least 15% compared with the reference air jet looms in line				
	with the description in Section I of this methodology.				

#### E. Emission Sources and GHG types

Reference emissions			
Emission sources	GHG types		
Electricity consumption by air compressors to generate compressed air	$CO_2$		
for the reference air jet looms			
Project emissions			
Emission sources	GHG types		
Electricity consumption by air compressors to generate compressed air	$CO_2$		
for the project air jet looms			

#### F. Establishment and calculation of reference emissions

#### F.1. Establishment of reference emissions

Reference emissions are calculated with the following parameters:

- Amount of fabric produced in the project at each project factory [m/p], which is expressed
  as the amount of fabric produced as per the project air jet loom type which is determined
  by, for example, a model of the project air jet loom by the manufacturer during the
  monitoring period;
- Specific air consumption as per the project air jet loom type at each project factory [Nm³/m], which is expressed as amount of compressed air to weave one unit of fabric;
- Reduction rate of specific air consumption at each project factory [%], which is expressed as the average of reduction rates of specific air consumptions by the project air jet loom to specific air consumptions by the reference air jet loom as per fabric type
- Specific electricity consumption of the air compressors at each project factory [kWh/Nm³], which is expressed as amount of electricity to generate one unit of compressed air; and
- CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor for electricity consumed [tCO<sub>2</sub>/kWh].

Net emission reductions are achieved by setting specific air consumption as per the project air

jet loom type at each project factory at a minimum value in line with the description in Section I of this methodology.

Specific electricity consumption of the compressor(s) is recalculated in line with Section I below if any of the existing compressors is replaced with a new one, or the configuration of compressors connected to supply compressed air to the project air jet looms is changed at the time of or after registration of the project.

### F.2. Calculation of reference emissions

$$RE_p = \sum_{i} \left( SEC_j \times \sum_{i} (SAC_{PJ,i,j} \times AP_{PJ,i,j,p}) \div \left( 1 - \frac{RR_{i,j}}{100} \right) \right) \times EF_{elec}$$

Where:

 $RE_p$ : Reference emissions during the period p [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]

SEC<sub>i</sub> : Specific electricity consumption of the air compressors at the project

factory *j* [kWh/Nm<sup>3</sup>]

 $SAC_{PI,i,j}$ : Specific air consumption of the project air jet loom type i at the project

factory j [Nm<sup>3</sup>/m]

 $RR_{i,i}$ : Reduction rate of specific air consumption of the project air jet loom

type i at the project factory j [%]

 $AP_{PI.i.i.n}$ : Amount of fabric woven by the project air jet loom type i at the project

factory j during the period p [m/p]

 $EF_{elec}$ : CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity [tCO<sub>2</sub>/kWh]

*i* : Identification number of the project air jet loom type, differentiated

according to, for example, models

*j* : Identification number of the project factory

### **G.** Calculation of project emissions

$$PE_{p} = \sum_{i} \left( SEC_{j} \times \sum_{i} (SAC_{PJ,i,j} \times AP_{PJ,i,j,p}) \right) \times EF_{elec}$$

Where:

 $PE_p$ : Project emissions during the period p [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]

 $SEC_i$ : Specific electricity consumption of the air compressors at the project factory j

[kWh/Nm<sup>3</sup>]

 $SAC_{PLi,i}$ : Specific air consumption of the project air jet loom type i at the project

factory j [Nm<sup>3</sup>/m]

 $AP_{PLi,i,p}$ : Amount of fabric woven at the project air jet loom type i at the project factory

j during the period p [m/p]

 $EF_{elec}$ :  $CO_2$  emission factor for consumed electricity [t $CO_2$ /kWh]

*i*: Identification number of the project air jet loom type, differentiated according

to, for example, models

*j* : Identification number of the project factory

### H. Calculation of emissions reductions

 $ER_p = RE_p - PE_p$ 

Where:

 $ER_p$  : Emission reductions during the period p [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]  $RE_p$  : Reference emissions during the period p [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]

 $PE_p$ : Project emissions during the period p [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]

# I. Data and parameters fixed ex ante

The source of each data and parameter fixed *ex ante* is listed as below.

Parameter	Description of data	Source
$SEC_j$	Specific electricity consumption of the air	Performance curve of the air
	compressors at the project factory j	compressors from their
	[kWh/Nm <sup>3</sup> ]	manufacturers.
	The default value is fixed <i>ex ante</i> for each	
	project by the project participant.	
	$SEC_j$ is calculated from the linear function of	
	shaft power [kW] and generated compressed	
	air [Nm <sup>3</sup> /h] of the compressors which are used	
	to supply compressed air to the project air jet	
	looms at the project factory $j$ , assuming that	
	the compressor is operating at the highest	
	efficiency, determined from the performance	
	curve of the compressors.	
	In case that multiple air compressors are used	
	at the project factory, the most conservative	
	value (i.e. the highest efficiency) is selected as	
	the default value regardless of the capacity or	
	the model of the compressors.	
	In case that any of the existing compressors is	
	replaced with a new compressor, or the	
	configuration of compressors connected to	
	supply compressed air to the project air jet	
	looms of the project is changed after	
	registration, $SEC_j$ for the corresponding	
	factory is recalculated in the same manner	
	described above.	

$SAC_{PJ,i,j}$ Specific air consumption of the project air jet Experimental data from	n the
loom type $i$ at the project factory $j$ [Nm <sup>3</sup> /m] manufacture of the pro	
jet looms	jooraa
The default value is fixed as the minimum	
value of air consumption by the project air jet	
loom type, based on the data collected for the	
all fabric types woven at the project site as per	
the factory by experimental data from the	
manufacture of the project air jet looms (e.g	
consumption of compressed air and amount of	
fabric woven).	
Tablic woven).	
In the case that only one fabric type is woven	
at the project factory, multiple data (at least	
two) of the corresponding fabric type are	
collected.	
conceted.	
In determining the default value, the fabric	
type woven at the project factory is	
categorized preceding the installation of the	
project air jet loom. Fabric type is defined by	
the value calculated by weft density multiplied	
by fabric width. The choice of fabric type is	
explained by, for example, the most recent	
fabric production inventory or production plan	
of the factory before the start date of project	
operation. The fabric is regarded as the same	
type if the variation of the value calculated as	
indicated above within one category of fabric	
type is does not differ by more than plus or	
minus 5% in the value of fabric type. In case	
several fabric types are within the 5% range,	
choose the closest one to the fabric type	
woven by the project.	
$RR_{i,j}$ Reduction rate of specific air consumption of Based on project and r	eference
the project air jet loom type $i$ at the project specific air consumption	on
factory $j$ [%] collected as per the pro-	sia at

The value is fixed as an average of reduction rate of specific air consumption for each fabric type woven as per project air-jet loom type in the project factory.

Reduction rate of specific air consumption is calculated for each project as per a project air jet loom type at the project factory in the following manner:

- The reference air jet looms are defined as one of the following whichever is produced at a later date:
- 1) the previous model of air jet looms produced by the same manufacture of the project air jet loom by one generation (e.g. a substantial model change which leads to reduction of air consumption)
- 2) existing air jet looms in the project factory Collect dataset of specific air consumption by reference air jet looms  $(SAC_{RE})$  in a same manner as to that of the project air jet looms in line with this Section.
- Compare the specific air consumption of reference air jet looms to that of project air jet looms as per the fabric type and calculate the reduction rate as following manner:

Calculate reduction rates of specific air consumption comparing that of the project air jet loom and the reference air jet loom according to the categories of fabric type established above and average the derived

values.	Reduction	rate	of	specific	air
consumpt	tion of the p	roject	air j	et loom ty	ype i
at the pr	oject factor	y <i>j</i> is	exp	ressed by	the
following formula, where $i$ , $j$ and $k$ are suffixes					
denoting air jet loom type, factory and fabric					
type.					

$$RR_{i,j} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{k=1}^{m} \left[ (1 - \frac{SAC_{PJ,i,j,k}}{SAC_{RE,j,k}}) \times 100 \right]$$

### $EF_{elec,j}$

 $CO_2$  emission factor for consumed electricity at the project factory j.

When the project air compressor consumes only grid electricity or captive electricity, the project participant applies the CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor respectively.

When the project compressor may consume both grid electricity and captive electricity, the project participant applies the CO<sub>2</sub> emission factors with lower value.

#### [CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor]

For grid electricity: The most recent value available from the source stated in this table at the time of validation

For captive electricity: 0.8\* [tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh] \*The most recent value available from CDM approved small scale methodology AMS-I.A at the time of validation is applied.

#### [Grid electricity]

The data is sourced from "Emission **Factors** Electricity Interconnection Systems", National Committee Clean Development Mechanism (Indonesian DNA for CDM), based on data obtained by Directorate General of Electricity, Ministry Energy and Mineral Resources, Indonesia, unless otherwise instructed by the Joint Committee.

[Captive electricity]
CDM approved small scale
methodology: AMS-I.A