Joint Crediting Mechanism Approved Methodology ID_AM008 "Installation of a separate type fridge-freezer showcase by using natural refrigerant for grocery store to reduce air conditioning load inside the store"

A. Title of the methodology

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Installation of a separate type fridge-freezer showcase by using natural refrigerant for grocery store to reduce air conditioning load inside the store, version $\frac{24}{24}$.0

B. Terms and definitions

Terms	Definitions	
Separate type fridge-freezer	Refrigeration or freezer system with natural refrigerant of	
showcase	which condensing unit and showcase unit are separated and	
	the condensing unit is located outside the store. The system	
	includes the following:	
	• Reach-in type fridge showcase or freezer showcase (a	
	structure to interrupt display room from outside air by	
	glass type door)	
	• Open type fridge showcase (a structure to interrupt	
	display room from outside air by air curtain)	
	• Walk in type fridge showcase (a structure which people	
	can go in and fill groceries from behind the display	
	shelves)	
Natural refrigerant	Natural refrigerant refers to naturally occurring substances	
	with refrigeration capacity and with zero ozone depletion	
	potential (ODP) (e.g., CO ₂ and NH ₃).	
Built-in type showcase	Refrigeration or freezer system of which condensing unit and	
	showcase unit are built in one unit.	
Coefficient of Performance	Coefficient of Performance (COP) is the cooling capacity per	
(COP)	rated power consumption of the air conditioning system. The	
	values of cooling capacity and rated power consumption are	
	defined under specific temperature stated in ISO 5151:2010.	
Energy efficiency	For the purpose of this methodology, energy efficiency of the	
	fridge-freezer showcase is defined as the rated volume (L)	

divided by the rated electricity consumption (W) or the rated
cooling capacity (W) divided by the rated electricity
consumption (W).

C. Summary of the methodology

Items	Summary	
GHG emission reduction	This methodology applies to the project that aims for saving total	
measures	energy of in-store showcase and air conditioning system by	
	introducing a separate type natural refrigerant fridge-freezer	
	showcase for grocery store in Indonesia, which leads to GHG	
	emission reductions, through the reduction of air conditioning	
	electricity load demand by not releasing waste heat inside the	
	store.	
Calculation of reference	Reference emissions are GHG emissions from both the reference	
emissions	built-in type fridge-freezer showcase and the reference air	
	conditioning system.	
	[Built-in type fridge-freezer showcase]	
	Reference emissions from the reference fridge-freezer showcase	
	are calculated with:	
	• Electricity consumption of the project fridge-freezer	
	showcase;	
	• Energy efficiency of the project fridge-freezer showcase;	
	• Energy efficiency of the reference fridge-freezer	
	showcase; and	
	• CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity.	
	[Air conditioning system]	
	Reference emissions from the reference air conditioning system	
	due to waste heat from the reference fridge-freezer showcase are	
	calculated with:	
	• Electricity consumption of the project fridge-freezer	
	showcase;	
	• Energy efficiency of the project fridge-freezer showcase	
	in terms of the cooling capacity;	
	• Energy efficiency of the project fridge-freezer showcase	
	in terms of the volume;	

	• Energy efficiency of the reference fridge-freezer	
	showcase;	
	• COP of the reference air conditioning system; and	
	• CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity.	
Calculation of project	[Separate type natural refrigerant fridge-freezer showcase]	
emissions	Project emissions are calculated with power consumption of	
	installed separate type natural refrigerant fridge-freezer showcase	
	and CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity.	
Monitoring parameters	• Electricity consumption of the project fridge showcase	
	• Electricity consumption of the project freezer showcase	

D. Eligibility criteria		
This method	ology is applicable to projects that satisfy all of the following criteria.	
Criterion 1	The project is to install a separate type fridge-freezer showcase by using natural	
	refrigerant or replacing the existing at a grocery store which is equipped with wall	
	mounted type and/or ceiling cassette type air conditioning system and whose	
	selling area is less than 400 (four hundred) m^2 .	
Criterion 2	In the case of replacing the existing fridge-freezer showcase with the project	
	fridge-freezer showcase, the existing one is a built-in type showcase.	
Criterion 3	A plan for not releasing refrigerant used for project fridge-freezer showcase is	
	prepared. In the case of replacing the existing fridge-freezer showcase with the	
	project fridge-freezer showcase, a plan is prepared in which to prevent release of	
	refrigerant <mark>s <u>used in</u> into the atmosphere is prepared for</mark> the existing fridge-freezer	
	showcase is not released to the air e.g. re-use of the refrigerantreplaced by the	
	project . Execution of the prevention plan is checked at the time of verification, in	
	order to confirm that refrigerant used for the existing one replaced by the project is	
	not released to the air.	

E. Emission Sources and GHG types

Reference emissions		
Emission sources	GHG types	
Electricity consumption of the reference fridge showcase	CO_2	
Electricity consumption of the reference freezer showcase	CO ₂	

Electricity consumption of the reference air conditioning system	CO_2	
Project emissions		
Emission sources	GHG types	
Electricity consumption of the project fridge showcase	CO ₂	
Electricity consumption of the project freezer showcase	CO ₂	

F. Establishment and calculation of reference emissions

F.1. Establishment of reference emissions

Reference emissions are GHG emissions from electricity consumption by both the reference built-in type fridge-freezer showcase and the reference air conditioning system used for cooling the exhaust heat from the reference fridge showcase.

Net emission reductions in this methodology are achieved by setting default values of "COP of the reference air conditioning system" in a conservative manner, and also achieved by not including "leakage of HFCs from the reference fridge-freezer showcase" when calculating emission reductions.

[COP of the reference air conditioning system] The default values of COP of the reference air conditioning system are set in line with the approved JCM methodology ID_AM004 Ver1.0.

If the air conditioning system equipped in the project store has higher COP values compared to the table below within the respective cooling capacity range, the COP value of the air conditioning system installed at the project store is used.

If multiple types of air conditioning system with different cooling capacity rage shown in the table below are found in the project site, the highest value of COP is selected and applied to calculate reference emissions in a conservative manner.

Cooling Capacity [kW]	Reference COP
$2.5 < x \le 4.1$	4.00
$4.1 < x \le 5.3$	3.59
$5.3 < x \le 7.1$	2.96
$7.1 < x \le 14.2$	2.85

The default COP values may be revised as to the revision of the approved JCM methodology ID_AM004 to maintain conservativeness.

[Energy efficiency of the reference fridge-freezer showcase]

The default values of rated electricity consumption of the reference fridge and freezer showcase are set *ex ante* in the table below.

The reference fridge showcase

-Reach-in showcase

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Range of volume (L)	Energy efficiency (L/W)
z < 900	1.18
$900 \le z < 1,200$	1.07
1,200 ≦z	2.24

-Open showcase

Range of volume (L)	Energy efficiency (L/W)
z < 900	0.50
$900 \le z < 1,200$	0.65
1,200 ≦z	0.73

The reference freezer showcase

-Reach-in showcase

Range of volume (L)	Energy efficiency (L/W)
z < 900	0.70
$900 \le z < 1,200$	0.70
1,200 ≦z	1.01

Correspondence between project fridge-freezer showcase and reference fridge-freezer showcase:

Pattern	Project fridge-freezer showcase	Reference fridge-freezer showcase
1	Reach-in type fridge showcase	Reach-in type fridge showcase
2	Open type fridge showcase	Open type fridge showcase
3	Walk-in type fridge showcase	Reach-in type fridge showcase
4	Reach-in type freezer showcase	Reach-in type freezer showcase

F.2. Calculation of reference emissions

$RE_p =$	$RE_{fridge,p} + RE_{freezer,p} + RE_{AC,add,fridge,p} + RE_{AC,add,freezer,p}$		
REp	: Reference emissions during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]		
RE _{fridge,p}	: Reference emissions of the fridge showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]		
RE _{freezer,p}	: Reference emissions of the freezer showcase during the period p		
$[tCO_2/p]$			
RE _{AC,add,fridge,p} : Reference emissions of the air conditioning system caused by th			
electricity consumption due to exhaust heat from the reference			
	showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]		
RE _{AC,add,freezer,j}	: Reference emissions of the air conditioning system caused by the		
	electricity consumption due to exhaust heat from the reference freezer		
	showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]		
	$\mathbf{RE}_{\mathbf{fridge},\mathbf{p}} = \sum_{\mathbf{i}} \left(\mathbf{EC}_{\mathbf{PJ},\mathbf{fridge},\mathbf{i},\mathbf{p}} \times \frac{\eta_{\mathbf{PJ},\mathbf{fridge},\mathbf{i}}}{\eta_{\mathbf{RE},\mathbf{fridge},\mathbf{i}}} \right) \times \mathbf{EF}_{\mathbf{elec}}$		
RE _{fridge,p}	: Reference emissions of the fridge showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]		
EC _{PJ,fridge,i,p}	: Electricity consumption of the project fridge showcase <i>i</i> during the period		
	<i>p</i> [MWh/p]		
$\eta_{ m PJ,fridge,i}$: Energy efficiency of the project fridge showcase <i>i</i> in terms of the volume		
	[L/W]		
$\eta_{ ext{RE,fridge,i}}$: Energy efficiency of the reference fridge showcase <i>i</i> in terms of the volume [L/W]		
EF _{elec}	: CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity [tCO ₂ /MWh]		
i	: Identification number of the fridge showcase [-]		
	$\mathbf{RE}_{\mathbf{freezer},\mathbf{p}} = \sum_{\mathbf{j}} \left(\mathbf{EC}_{\mathbf{PJ},\mathbf{freezer},\mathbf{j},\mathbf{p}} \times \frac{\eta_{\mathbf{PJ},\mathbf{freezer},\mathbf{j}}}{\eta_{\mathbf{RE},\mathbf{freezer},\mathbf{j}}} \right) \times \mathbf{EF}_{\mathbf{elec}}$		
RE _{freezer,p}	: Reference emissions of the freezer showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]		
EC _{PJ,freezer,j,p}	: Electricity consumption of the project freezer showcase <i>j</i> during the period		
	<i>p</i> [MWh/p]		
$\eta_{ m PJ, freezer, j}$	Energy efficiency of the project freezer showcase <i>j</i> in terms of the volume		
	[L/W]		
$\eta_{ ext{RE,freezer,j}}$: Energy efficiency of the reference freezer showcase <i>j</i> in terms of the		
-	volume [L/W]		
EF _{elec}	: CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity [tCO ₂ /MWh]		
j	: Identification number of the freezer showcase [-]		

$RE_{AC,add,fridge,p} = EC_{RE,AC,add,fridge,p} \times EF_{elec}$		
$\text{EC}_{\text{RE,AC,add,fridge,p}} = \sum_{i} \text{EH}_{\text{RE,fridge,i,p}} \times \frac{1}{\eta_{\text{RE,AC}}}$		
$EH_{RE,fridge,i,p} = HG_{RE,fridge,i,p} + EC_{RE,fridge,i,p}$		
$HG_{RE,fridge,i,p} = HG_{PJ,fridge,i,p}$		
$\mathbf{HG}_{\mathbf{PJ,fridge,i,p}} = \mathbf{EC}_{\mathbf{PJ,fridge,i,p}} \times \eta_{\mathbf{PJ,fridge,cap,i}}$		
	$\mathbf{EC}_{\mathbf{RE,fridge,i,p}} = \mathbf{EC}_{\mathbf{PJ,fridge,i,p}} \times \frac{\eta_{\mathbf{PJ,fridge,i}}}{\eta_{\mathbf{RE,fridge,i}}}$	
RE _{AC,add,fridge,p}	: Reference emissions of the air conditioning system caused by the	
	electricity consumption due to exhaust heat from the reference fridge	
	showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]	
EC _{RE,AC,add,fridge,p}	: Electricity consumption of the reference air conditioning system due	
	to exhaust heat from the reference fridge showcase during the period p	
	[MWh/p]	
EF _{elec}	: CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity [tCO ₂ /MWh]	
EH _{RE,fridge,i,p}	: Amount of exhaust heat from the reference fridge showcase <i>i</i> during	
	the period <i>p</i> [MWh/p]	
$\eta_{ m RE,AC}$: COP of the reference air conditioning system [-]	
HG _{RE,fridge,i,p}	: Amount of cooling energy generated by the reference fridge showcase	
	<i>i</i> during the period <i>p</i> [MWh/p]	
HG _{PJ,fridge,i,p}	: Amount of cooling energy generated by the project fridge showcase <i>i</i>	
during the period p [MWh/p]		
EC _{RE,fridge,i,p}	: Electricity consumption of the reference fridge showcase <i>i</i> during the	
	period p [MWh/p]	
EC _{PJ,fridge,i,p}	: Electricity consumption of the project fridge showcase <i>i</i> during the	
	period p [MWh/p]	
$\eta_{ m PJ,fridge,cap,i}$: Energy efficiency of the project fridge showcase <i>i</i> in terms of the	
	cooling capacity [W/W]	
$\eta_{\mathrm{PJ,fridge,i}}$: Energy efficiency of the project fridge showcase <i>i</i> in terms of the	
	volume [L/W]	
$\eta_{ ext{RE,fridge,i}}$: Energy efficiency of the reference fridge showcase <i>i</i> in terms of the	
<u> </u>	volume [L/W]	
i	: Identification number of the fridge showcase [-]	
	$RE_{AC,add,freezer,p} = EC_{RE,AC,add,freezer,p} \times EF_{elec}$	

$EC_{RE,AC,add,freezer,p} = \sum EH_{RE,freezer,j,p} \times \frac{1}{\eta_{RE,AC}}$		
$\frac{1}{j}$		
$HG_{\text{DEF}} = HG_{\text{RE},\text{Freezer},j,p} + HG_{\text{RE},\text{Freezer},j,p}$		
	$HG_{Pl} f_{reazer in} = EC_{Pl} f_{reazer in} \times \eta_{Pl} f_{reazer con i}$	
	$\eta_{\text{PI freezer i}}$	
	$EC_{RE, freezer, j, p} = EC_{PJ, freezer, j, p} \times \frac{\eta_{RE, freezer, j}}{\eta_{RE, freezer, j}}$	
RE _{AC,add,freezer,p}	: Reference emissions of the air conditioning system caused by the	
	electricity consumption due to exhaust heat from the reference freezer	
	showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]	
EC _{RE,AC,add,freezer,p}	: Electricity consumption of the reference air conditioning system due	
	to exhaust heat from the reference freezer showcase during the period p	
	[MWh/p]	
EF _{elec}	: CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity [tCO ₂ /MWh]	
EH _{RE,freezer,j,p}	: Amount of exhaust heat from the reference freezer showcase j during	
	the period p [MWh/p]	
$\eta_{ m RE,AC}$: COP of the reference air conditioning system [-]	
HG _{RE,freezer,j,p}	: Amount of cooling energy generated by the reference freezer	
	showcase j during the period p [MWh/p]	
HG _{PJ,freezer,j,p}	: Amount of cooling energy generated by the project freezer showcase j	
	during the period p [MWh/p]	
EC _{RE,freezer,j,p}	: Electricity consumption of the reference freezer showcase j during the	
	period <i>p</i> [MWh/p]	
EC _{PJ,freezer,j,p}	: Electricity consumption of the project freezer showcase <i>j</i> during the	
	period p [MWh/p]	
$\eta_{ m PJ, freezer, cap, j}$: Energy efficiency of the project freezer showcase <i>j</i> in terms of the	
	cooling capacity [W/W]	
n pi freezori	• Energy efficiency of the project freezer showcase <i>i</i> in terms of the	
71],1100201,j	volume [L/W]	
$\eta_{\rm REfreezeri}$: Energy efficiency of the reference freezer showcase <i>i</i> in terms of the	
	volume [L/W]	
j	: Identification number of the freezer showcase [-]	

G. Calculation of project emissions

$PE_p = PE_{fridge,p} + PE_{freezer,p}$			
PEp	: Project emissions during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]		
PE _{fridge,p}	: Project emissions of the fridge showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]		
PE _{freezer,p}	: Project emissions of the freezer showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]		
$PE_{fridge,p} = \sum_{i} (EC_{PJ,fridge,i,p}) \times EF_{elec}$			
PE _{fridge,p}	: Project emissions of the project fridge showcase during the period p		
	$[tCO_2/p]$		
EC _{PJ,fridge,i,p}	: Electricity consumption of the project fridge showcase i during the period		
	<i>p</i> [MWh/p]		
EF _{elec}	: CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity [tCO ₂ /MWh]		
i	: Identification number of the fridge showcase [-]		
	$PE_{freezer,p} = \sum_{i} (EC_{PJ,freezer,j,p}) \times EF_{elec}$		
PE _{freezer,p}	: Project emissions of the project freezer showcase during the period p		
	[tCO ₂ /p]		
EC _{PJ,freezer,j,p}	: Electricity consumption of the project freezer showcase <i>j</i> during the period		
	<i>p</i> [MWh/p]		
EF _{elec}	: CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity [tCO ₂ /MWh]		
j	: Identification number of the freezer showcase [-]		

H. Calculation of emissions reductions

$\mathbf{ER}_{\mathbf{p}} = \mathbf{RE}_{\mathbf{p}} - \mathbf{PE}_{\mathbf{p}}$			
ERp	: Emissions reductions during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]		
REp	: Reference emissions during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]		
PEp	: Project emissions during the period $p [tCO_2/p]$		

I. Data and parameters fixed *ex ante*

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The source of each data and parameter fixed ex ante is listed as below.

Parameter	Description of Data		Source
	Energy efficiency of the reference fridge showcase <i>i</i>		Nominal value
	in terms of the volume.		available on product
			catalogs, specification
	-Reach-in showcase		documents or
	Range of volume (L)	Energy efficiency (L/W)	websites.
	z < 900	1.18	
	$900 \le z < 1,200$	1.07	The default values are
	1,200 ≦z	2.24	derived from the result
			of survey on energy
	-Open showcase		efficiency of fridge
$\eta_{ ext{RE,fridge,i}}$	Range of volume (L)	Energy efficiency (L/W)	showcase from
	z < 900	0.50	manufacturers well
	$900 \le z < 1,200$	0.65	known in the market.
	1,200 ≦z	0.73	The default values
			should be revised if
	When multiple types of sl	nowcases (Reach-in, Open,	necessary from survey
	and Walk-in) are connected to a condensing unit, the		result which is
	energy efficiency of Reach-in showcase above is		conducted by JC or
	selected according to the total sum of rated cooling		project participants
	capacity (watt) of all showcases connected		every three years.
	corresponding to the "Range of volume" in the table.		
	Energy efficiency of the r	eference freezer showcase j	Nominal value
	in terms of the volume.		available on product
			catalogs, specification
	-Reach-in showcase		documents or
	Range of volume (L)	Energy efficiency (L/W)	websites.
n	z < 900	0.70	
l∕IRE,freezer,j	$900 \le z < 1,200$	0.70	The default values are
	1,200 ≦z	1.01	derived from the result
			of survey on energy
			efficiency of fridge
			showcase from
			manufacturers well

		known in the market.
		The default values
		should be revised if
		necessary from survey
		result which is
		conducted by JC or
		project participants
		every three years.
	Energy efficiency of the project fridge showcase i in	The specifications of
	terms of the cooling capacity.	the project fridge
	The value of rated cooling capacity (watt) and rated	showcase and
	electricity consumption (watt) used in calculation of	condensing unit for
	energy efficiency prepared by manufacturer is	quotation or the
	applied.	factory acceptance test
$\eta_{ ext{PJ,fridge,cap,i}}$		data by manufacturer.
	When multiple showcases are connected to a	
	condensing unit, the energy efficiency is calculated as	
	a ratio between the total sum of rated cooling capacity	
	(watt) of all showcases connected and the rated	
	electricity consumption (watt) of condensing unit.	
	Energy efficiency of the project fridge showcase i in	The specifications of
	terms of the volume.	the project fridge
	The value of rated volume (liter) and rated electricity	showcase and
	consumption (watt) used in calculation of energy	condensing unit for
	efficiency prepared by manufacturer is applied.	quotation or the
$\eta_{ m PJ, fridge, i}$		factory acceptance test
	When multiple showcases are connected to a	data by manufacturer.
	condensing unit, the energy efficiency is calculated as	
	a ratio between the total sum of rated volume (liter)	
	of all showcases connected and the rated electricity	
	consumption (watt) of condensing unit.	
	Energy efficiency of the project freezer showcase j in	The specifications of
	terms of the cooling capacity.	the project fridge
	The value of rated cooling capacity (watt) and rated	showcase for quotation
'/PJ,freezer,cap,i	electricity consumption (watt) used in calculation of	or the factory
	energy efficiency prepared by manufacturer is	acceptance test data by
	applied.	manufacturer.

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	When multiple showcases are connected to a	
	condensing unit, the energy efficiency is calculated as	
	a ratio between the total sum of rated cooling capacity	
	(watt) of all showcases connected and the rated	
	electricity consumption (watt) of condensing unit.	
	Energy efficiency of the project freezer showcase j in	The specifications of
	terms of the volume.	the project fridge
	The value of rated volume (liter) and rated electricity	showcase for quotation
	consumption (watt) used in calculation of energy	or the factory
	efficiency prepared by manufacturer is applied.	acceptance test data by
$\eta_{ m PJ, freezer, j}$		manufacturer.
	When multiple showcases are connected to a	
	condensing unit, the energy efficiency is calculated as	
	a ratio between the total sum of rated volume (liter)	
	of all showcases connected and the rated electricity	
	consumption (watt) of condensing unit.	
	CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity.	[Grid electricity]
	When project air conditioning system consumes only	The data is sourced
	grid electricity or captive electricity, the project	from "Emission
	norticinant applies the CO emission factor	
	participant applies the CO_2 emission factor	Factors of Electricity
	respectively.	Factors of Electricity Interconnection
	respectively. When project air conditioning system may consume	Factors of Electricity Interconnection Systems", National
	respectively. When project air conditioning system may consume both grid electricity and captive electricity, the project	Factors of Electricity Interconnection Systems", National Committee on Clean
	respectively. When project air conditioning system may consume both grid electricity and captive electricity, the project participant applies the CO_2 emission factor with	Factors of Electricity Interconnection Systems", National Committee on Clean Development
	respectively. When project air conditioning system may consume both grid electricity and captive electricity, the project participant applies the CO_2 emission factor with lower value.	Factors of Electricity Interconnection Systems", National Committee on Clean Development Mechanism
FF	respectively. When project air conditioning system may consume both grid electricity and captive electricity, the project participant applies the CO_2 emission factor with lower value.	Factors of Electricity Interconnection Systems", National Committee on Clean Development Mechanism (Indonesian DNA for
$EF_{ m elec}$	respectively. When project air conditioning system may consume both grid electricity and captive electricity, the project participant applies the CO ₂ emission factor with lower value. [CO ₂ emission factor]	Factors of Electricity Interconnection Systems", National Committee on Clean Development Mechanism (Indonesian DNA for CDM), based on data
$EF_{ m elec}$	 participant applies the CO₂ emission factor respectively. When project air conditioning system may consume both grid electricity and captive electricity, the project participant applies the CO₂ emission factor with lower value. [CO ₂ emission factor] For grid electricity: The most recent value available	Factors of Electricity Interconnection Systems", National Committee on Clean Development Mechanism (Indonesian DNA for CDM), based on data obtained by
$EF_{ m elec}$	 participant applies the CO₂ emission factor respectively. When project air conditioning system may consume both grid electricity and captive electricity, the project participant applies the CO₂ emission factor with lower value. [CO ₂ emission factor] For grid electricity: The most recent value available from the source stated in this table at the time of	Factors of Electricity Interconnection Systems", National Committee on Clean Development Mechanism (Indonesian DNA for CDM), based on data obtained by Directorate General of
$EF_{ m elec}$	 participant applies the CO₂ emission factor respectively. When project air conditioning system may consume both grid electricity and captive electricity, the project participant applies the CO₂ emission factor with lower value. [CO ₂ emission factor] For grid electricity: The most recent value available from the source stated in this table at the time of validation	Factors of Electricity Interconnection Systems", National Committee on Clean Development Mechanism (Indonesian DNA for CDM), based on data obtained by Directorate General of Electricity, Ministry of
$EF_{ m elec}$	 participant applies the CO₂ emission factor respectively. When project air conditioning system may consume both grid electricity and captive electricity, the project participant applies the CO₂ emission factor with lower value. [CO ₂ emission factor] For grid electricity: The most recent value available from the source stated in this table at the time of validation For captive electricity: 0.8* [tCO ₂ /MWh]	Factors of Electricity Interconnection Systems", National Committee on Clean Development Mechanism (Indonesian DNA for CDM), based on data obtained by Directorate General of Electricity, Ministry of Energy and Mineral
$EF_{ m elec}$	participant applies the CO ₂ emission factor respectively. When project air conditioning system may consume both grid electricity and captive electricity, the project participant applies the CO ₂ emission factor with lower value. [CO ₂ emission factor] For grid electricity: The most recent value available from the source stated in this table at the time of validation For captive electricity: 0.8* [tCO ₂ /MWh] *The most recent value available from CDM	Factors of Electricity Interconnection Systems", National Committee on Clean Development Mechanism (Indonesian DNA for CDM), based on data obtained by Directorate General of Electricity, Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources, Indonesia,
$EF_{ m elec}$	participant applies the CO ₂ emission factor respectively. When project air conditioning system may consume both grid electricity and captive electricity, the project participant applies the CO ₂ emission factor with lower value. [CO₂ emission factor] For grid electricity: The most recent value available from the source stated in this table at the time of validation For captive electricity: 0.8* [tCO ₂ /MWh] *The most recent value available from CDM approved small scale methodology AMS-I.A at the	Factors of Electricity Interconnection Systems", National Committee on Clean Development Mechanism (Indonesian DNA for CDM), based on data obtained by Directorate General of Electricity, Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources, Indonesia, unless otherwise
$EF_{ m elec}$	participant applies the CO ₂ emission factor respectively. When project air conditioning system may consume both grid electricity and captive electricity, the project participant applies the CO ₂ emission factor with lower value. [CO₂ emission factor] For grid electricity: The most recent value available from the source stated in this table at the time of validation For captive electricity: 0.8* [tCO ₂ /MWh] *The most recent value available from CDM approved small scale methodology AMS-I.A at the time of validation is applied.	Factors of Electricity Interconnection Systems", National Committee on Clean Development Mechanism (Indonesian DNA for CDM), based on data obtained by Directorate General of Electricity, Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources, Indonesia, unless otherwise instructed by the Joint
<i>EF</i> _{elec}	participant applies the CO ₂ emission factor respectively. When project air conditioning system may consume both grid electricity and captive electricity, the project participant applies the CO ₂ emission factor with lower value. [CO₂ emission factor] For grid electricity: The most recent value available from the source stated in this table at the time of validation For captive electricity: 0.8* [tCO ₂ /MWh] *The most recent value available from CDM approved small scale methodology AMS-I.A at the time of validation is applied.	Factors of Electricity Interconnection Systems", National Committee on Clean Development Mechanism (Indonesian DNA for CDM), based on data obtained by Directorate General of Electricity, Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources, Indonesia, unless otherwise instructed by the Joint Committee.

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			[Captive electricity]
			CDM approved small
			scale methodology
		AMS-I.A	
	Default COP values of the refer	The latest version of	
	system.		approved JCM
	If multiple types of air condition	ning system with	methodology
	different cooling capacity, whic	h means different	ID_AM004
	COP values, are found in the pr	oject site, the highest	
	value of COP is selected.		
	When an air conditioning system	m with higher COP	
	value than that of the reference	COP with	
	corresponding cooling capacity		
	installed at the project site, $\eta_{\rm RF}$		
	COP value of installed one.		
$\eta_{ m RE,AC}$			
	Default COP ¹ of Reference Air Conditioning System ($\eta_{RE,AC}$)		
	Cooling Capacity [kW]	Reference COP	
	$2.5 < x \le 4.1$	4.00	
	$4.1 < x \le 5.3$	3.59	
	$5.3 < x \le 7.1$	2.96	
	$7.1 < x \le 14.2$	2.85	
	¹ The default COP values may be r		
	of the approved JCM methodology		

History of the document

Version	Date	Contents revised
01.0	18 May 2015	JC4, Annex 3 Initial approval.
<u>02.0</u>	<u>day month year</u>	 Revision to: Change the description of Criterion 3 in Section D Change the description of "Measurement methods and procedures" for "EC_{PJ,fridge,i,p}" and "EC_{PJ,freezer,i,p}" in the Monitoring Spreadsheet: JCM_ID_AM008