# Joint Crediting Mechanism Approved Methodology ID\_AM005 "Installation of LED Lighting for Grocery Store"

# A. Title of the methodology

Installation of LED Lighting for Grocery Store, Version 2.0

#### **B.** Terms and definitions

Terms	Definitions
Luminous efficiency	Luminous efficiency is the capacity of light flux per watt.
	The formula to calculate luminous efficiency is as below.
	Luminous efficiency [lm/W] = Luminous flux [lm] ÷ Rated power
	consumption [W]

# C. Summary of the methodology

Items	Summary	
GHG emission reduction	This methodology applies to the project that aims for saving	
measures	energy by introducing LED (Light Emitting Diode) lighting for	
	grocery store in Indonesia.	
Calculation of reference	Reference emissions are GHG emissions from using reference	
emissions	lighting, calculated with total power consumption of project	
	lighting, ratio of luminous efficiency of project/reference	
	lighting, and CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity.	
Calculation of project	Project emissions are GHG emissions from using project	
emissions	lighting, calculated with total power consumption of project	
	lighting, and CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity.	
Monitoring parameters	Total power consumption of project lighting	

### **D.** Eligibility criteria

This methodology is applicable to projects that satisfy all of the following criteria.

Criterion 1	LED lighting is newly installed or installed to replace existing fluorescent	
	lighting for grocery store whose selling area is less than 400 (four hundred) $m^2$ .	
Criterion 2	The installed LED lighting is a straight type LED with color temperature	
	between 5,000 and 6,500 K, length between 602.5 and 1,513.0 mm, and	
	luminous efficiency of more than 120 lm/W.	
Criterion 3	A measurement result of the illuminance (lux (lm/m <sup>2</sup> )) of the installed LED	
	lighting which is equal or above the minimum value (300 lux) for illuminance	
	of grocery store is obtained. See explanatory note for the measurement method.	
Criterion 4	In the case of replacing existing fluorescent lighting with the project LED	
	lighting, mercury contained in existing fluorescent lighting is not released to	
	the environment.	

### E. Emission Sources and GHG types

Reference emissions		
Emission sources GHG types		
Power consumption by reference lighting	$CO_2$	
Project emissions		
Emission sources	GHG types	
Power consumption by project LED lighting	CO <sub>2</sub>	

#### F. Establishment and calculation of reference emissions

#### F.1. Establishment of reference emissions

Reference emissions are calculated with total power consumption of project lighting, ratio of luminous efficiency of project/reference lighting, and CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity.

The luminous efficiency of reference lighting is conservatively set *ex ante* in the following manner to ensure the net emission reductions.

- 1. In Indonesia, usually fluorescent lighting is chosen when purchasing lighting equipment.
- 2. The reference luminous efficiency of LED lighting is adopted as LED lighting is more

energy efficient than fluorescent lighting.

3. The most efficient value of LED lighting commercially available in Indonesia is defined as  $\eta_{RE}$ , as described in Section I.

## F.2. Calculation of reference emissions

$RE_p = EC_{PJ,p} \times (\eta_{PJ} \div \eta_{RE}) \times EF_{elec}$		
$RE_p$	: Reference emissions during the period $p [tCO_2/p]$	
$EC_{PJ,p}$	: Total power consumption of project lighting during the period $p$	
	[MWh/p]	
$\eta_{PJ}$	: Luminous efficiency of project lighting [lm/W]	
$\eta_{RE}$	: Luminous efficiency of reference lighting [lm/W]	
$EF_{elec}$	: CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity [tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh]	

# G. Calculation of project emissions

$PE_p = EC_{PJ,p} \times EF_{elec}$		
$PE_p$	: Project emissions during the period $p$ [tCO <sub>2</sub> /p]	
$EC_{PJ,p}$	: Total power consumption of project lighting during the period $p$	
	[MWh/p]	
$EF_{elec}$	: CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity [tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh]	

#### H. Calculation of emissions reductions

	$ER_p = RE_p - PE_p$
$ER_p$	: Emissions reductions during the period $p$ [tCO <sub>2</sub> /p]
$RE_p$	: Reference emissions during the period $p [tCO_2/p]$
$PE_p$	: Project emissions during the period $p$ [tCO <sub>2</sub> /p]

T.	Data and	parameters fixed	ex ante
1.	Data anu	par ameters mixed	er unie

The source of each data and parameter fixed *ex ante* is listed as below.

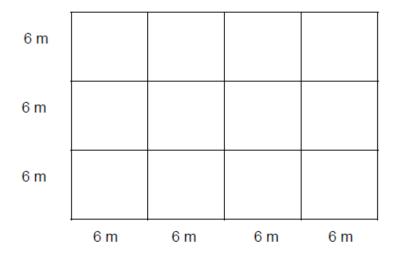
Parameter	Description of Data	Source
$EF_{elec}$	CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for consumed electricity.	[Grid electricity]

	When project lighting consumes only grid	Updates on Grid Electricity
	electricity or captive electricity, the project	Emission Factors (calculated in
	participant applies the CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor	year 2013), National Committee
	respectively.	on Clean Development
	When project lighting may consume both grid	Mechanism, Indonesia, unless
	electricity and captive electricity, the project	otherwise instructed by the Joint
	participant applies the $CO_2$ emission factor	Committee.
	with lower value.	
		[Captive electricity]
	[CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor]	CDM approved small scale
	For grid electricity: The most recent value	methodology AMS-I.A
	available from the source stated in this table	
	at the time of validation	
	For captive electricity: 0.8* [tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh]	
	*The most recent value available from CDM	
	approved small scale methodology AMS-I.A	
	at the time of validation is applied.	
	Luminous efficiency of project lighting. The	Specifications of project
	value prepared by manufacturer is applied.	lighting prepared for the
11 5 1	When more than one type of lighting	quotation or factory acceptance
$\eta_{PJ}$	equipment is installed, the luminous	test data by manufacturer.
	efficiency of lowest value amongst the	
	installed equipments is applied.	
	Luminous efficiency of reference lighting.	Nominal value available on
	Since LED lighting is limited and can only be	product catalogs, specification
	found in newly opened grocery stores by	documents or websites.
	international brands, reference emissions are	The default value is derived
	determined under the assumption that	from the result of survey on
	commercially available LED lighting in	luminous efficiency of LED
$\eta_{RE}$	Indonesia is installed in the stores. Top 5	from manufacturers that have
'IKL	manufacturers of lighting equipment in the	high market share. The default
	country are identified through interview, and	value should be revised if
	based on Criterion 2, LED lighting by one	necessary from survey result
	manufacturer meets the specifications.	which is conducted by JC or
	Therefore, luminous efficiency of	project participants every three
	merchandise by the manufacturer (110 lm/W)	years. The survey should prove
	is set as $\eta_{RE}$ .	the use of clear methodology.

Explanatory note

Measurement method for the illuminance (lux) of the installed LED lighting is as follows.

- Equipment: Use luxmeter which shows the readings of the measurement in illuminance. Record the model of the luxmeter used for the measurement and its most recent record of the calibration. The accuracy of luxmeter is within ±6%. For each measurement, stable numerical values are obtained.
- 2. Measurement points: Divide the store horizontally with 6 meter squares or less as shown below and take readings at each point of intersection at the height of 1 meter above the floor.



- 3. Number of measurement and recording: Conduct and record measurement of illuminance for 3 times at each measurement point. Calculate the average illuminance in each measurement point, as well as average illuminance for all of the measurement points. Use the average illuminance for all of the measurement points for the comparison to the minimum value (300 lux (lm/m<sup>2</sup>)) for illuminance of grocery store.
- 4. Others: At the time of measurement, the door of the grocery store and room lighting is set in line with the normal working condition.

Version	Date	Contents revised
02.0	10 November 2015	Electronic decision by the Joint Committee Revision to the description of "Measurement methods and procedures" for the total power consumption of project lighting in the Monitoring Spreadsheet.
01.0	14 May 2015	Electronic decision by the Joint Committee Initial approval.

History of the document