Joint Crediting Mechanism Approved Methodology ID_AM008 "Installation of a separate type fridge-freezer showcase by using natural refrigerant for grocery store to reduce air conditioning load inside the store"

A. Title of the methodology

Installation of a separate type fridge-freezer showcase by using natural refrigerant for grocery store to reduce air conditioning load inside the store, version $\underline{32.0}$

B. Terms and definitions

Terms	Definitions
Separate type fridge-freezer	Refrigeration or freezer system with natural refrigerant of
showcase	which condensing unit and showcase unit are separated and
	the condensing unit is located outside the store. The system
	includes the following:
	• Reach-in type fridge showcase or freezer showcase (a
	structure to interrupt display room from outside air by
	glass type door)
	• Open type fridge showcase (a structure to interrupt
	display room from outside air by air curtain)
	• Walk in type fridge showcase (a structure which people
	can go in and fill groceries from behind the display
	shelves)
Natural refrigerant	Natural refrigerant refers to naturally occurring substances
	with refrigeration capacity and with zero ozone depletion
	potential (ODP) (e.g., CO ₂ and NH ₃).
Built-in type showcase	Refrigeration or freezer system of which condensing unit and
	showcase unit are built in one unit.
Coefficient of Performance	Coefficient of Performance (COP) is the cooling capacity per
(COP)	rated power consumption of the air conditioning system. The
	values of cooling capacity and rated power consumption are
	defined under specific temperature stated in ISO 5151:2010.
Energy efficiency	For the purpose of this methodology, energy efficiency of the
	fridge-freezer showcase is defined as the rated volume (L)

divided by the rated electricity consumption (W) or the rated
cooling capacity (W) divided by the rated electricity
consumption (W).

C. Summary of the methodology

Items	Summary
GHG emission reduction	This methodology applies to the project that aims for saving total
measures	energy of in-store showcase and air conditioning system by
	introducing a separate type natural refrigerant fridge-freezer
	showcase for grocery store in Indonesia, which leads to GHG
	emission reductions, through the reduction of air conditioning
	electricity load demand by not releasing waste heat inside the
	store.
Calculation of reference	Reference emissions are GHG emissions from both the reference
emissions	built-in type fridge-freezer showcase and the reference air
	conditioning system.
	[Built-in type fridge-freezer showcase]
	Reference emissions from the reference fridge-freezer showcase
	are calculated with:
	Electricity consumption of the project fridge-freezer
	showcase;
	• Energy efficiency of the project fridge-freezer showcase;
	• Energy efficiency of the reference fridge-freezer
	showcase; and
	• CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity.
	[Air conditioning system]
	Reference emissions from the reference air conditioning system
	due to waste heat from the reference fridge-freezer showcase are
	calculated with:
	• Electricity consumption of the project fridge-freezer
	showcase;
	• Energy efficiency of the project fridge-freezer showcase
	in terms of the cooling capacity;
	• Energy efficiency of the project fridge-freezer showcase
	in terms of the volume;

	• Energy efficiency of the reference fridge-freezer	
	showcase;	
	• COP of the reference air conditioning system; and	
	• CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity.	
Calculation of project	[Separate type natural refrigerant fridge-freezer showcase]	
emissions	Project emissions are calculated with power consumption of	
	installed separate type natural refrigerant fridge-freezer showcase	
	and CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity.	
Monitoring parameters	• Electricity consumption of the project fridge showcase	
	• Electricity consumption of the project freezer showcase	

D. Eligibili	ty criteria
This method	ology is applicable to projects that satisfy all of the following criteria.
Criterion 1	The project is to install a separate type fridge-freezer showcase by using natural
	refrigerant or replacing the existing at a grocery store which is equipped with wall
	mounted type and/or ceiling cassette type air conditioning system and whose
	selling area is less than 400 (four hundred) m ² .
Criterion 2	In the case of replacing the existing fridge-freezer showcase with the project
	fridge-freezer showcase, the existing one is a built-in type showcase.
Criterion 3	A plan for not releasing refrigerant used for project fridge-freezer showcase is
	prepared. In the case of replacing the existing fridge-freezer showcase with the
	project fridge-freezer showcase, a plan is prepared in which refrigerant used in the
	existing fridge-freezer showcase is not released to the air e.g. re-use of the
	refrigerant. Execution of the prevention plan is checked at the time of verification,
	in order to confirm that refrigerant used for the existing one replaced by the
	project is not released to the air.

E. Emission Sources and GHG types

Reference emissions	
Emission sources	GHG types
Electricity consumption of the reference fridge showcase	CO_2
Electricity consumption of the reference freezer showcase	CO_2
Electricity consumption of the reference air conditioning system	CO ₂

Project emissions	
Emission sources	GHG types
Electricity consumption of the project fridge showcase	CO_2
Electricity consumption of the project freezer showcase	CO ₂

F. Establishment and calculation of reference emissions

F.1. Establishment of reference emissions

Reference emissions are GHG emissions from electricity consumption by both the reference built-in type fridge-freezer showcase and the reference air conditioning system used for cooling the exhaust heat from the reference fridge showcase.

Net emission reductions in this methodology are achieved by setting default values of "COP of the reference air conditioning system" in a conservative manner, and also achieved by not including "leakage of HFCs from the reference fridge-freezer showcase" when calculating emission reductions.

[COP of the reference air conditioning system]

The default values of COP of the reference air conditioning system are set in line with the approved JCM methodology ID_AM004-Ver1.0.

If the air conditioning system equipped in the project store has higher COP values compared to the table below within the respective cooling capacity range, the COP value of the air conditioning system installed at the project store is used.

If multiple types of air conditioning system with different cooling capacity rage shown in the table below are found in the project site, the highest value of COP is selected and applied to calculate reference emissions in a conservative manner.

Cooling Capacity[kW]	<u>Reference COP</u>
<u>2.6<x≤5.6< u=""></x≤5.6<></u>	<u>3.83</u>
<u>5.6≤x≤6.8</u>	<u>3.61</u>
<u>6.8<x≤12.5< u=""></x≤12.5<></u>	<u>3.29</u>
<u>12.5≤x≤14.1</u>	<u>3.01</u>

Cooling Capacity [kW]	Reference COP
$2.5 < x \le 4.1$	4.00
$4.1 < x \le 5.3$	3.59
$5.3 < x \le 7.1$	2.96
$7.1 < x \le 14.2$	2.85

The default COP values may be revised as to the revision of the approved JCM methodology ID_AM004 to maintain conservativeness.

[Energy efficiency of the reference fridge-freezer showcase]

The default values of rated electricity consumption of the reference fridge and freezer showcase are set *ex ante* in the table below.

The reference fridge showcase

-Reach-in showcase

Range of volume (L)	Energy efficiency (L/W)
z < 900	<u>1.27</u> 1.18
$900 \le z < 1,200$	<u>1.94</u> 1.07
$1,200 \leq z$	<u>2.43</u> 2.24

-Open showcase

Range of volume (L)	Energy efficiency (L/W)
z < 900	<u>0.54</u> 0.50
$900 \le z < 1,200$	<u>0.68</u> 0.65
$1,200 \leq z$	<u>0.61</u> 0.73

The reference freezer showcase

-Reach-in showcase

Range of volume (L)	Energy efficiency (L/W)
z < 900	<u>0.54</u> 0.70
$900 \le z < 1,200$	<u>0.82</u> 0.70
$1,200 \leq z$	<u>0.84</u> 1.01

Correspondence between project fridge-freezer showcase and reference fridge-freezer showcase:

Pattern	Project fridge-freezer showcase	Reference fridge-freezer showcase
1	Reach-in type fridge showcase	Reach-in type fridge showcase

2	Open type fridge showcase	Open type fridge showcase
3	Walk-in type fridge showcase	Reach-in type fridge showcase
4	Reach-in type freezer showcase	Reach-in type freezer showcase

F.2. Calculation of reference emissions

	$RE_{p} = RE_{fridge,p} + RE_{freezer,p} + RE_{AC,add,fridge,p} + RE_{AC,add,freezer,p}$			
RE_p : Reference emissions during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]				
$RE_{fridge,p}$: Reference emissions of the fridge showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p	: Reference emissions of the fridge showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]			
$RE_{freezer,p}$: Reference emissions of the freezer showcase during the period p	: Reference emissions of the freezer showcase during the period p			
[tCO ₂ /p]				
RE _{AC,add,fridge,p} : Reference emissions of the air conditioning system caused by the				
electricity consumption due to exhaust heat from the reference fridge				
showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]				
RE _{AC,add,freezer,p} : Reference emissions of the air conditioning system caused by the				
electricity consumption due to exhaust heat from the reference freezer				
showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]				
$\mathbf{RE}_{\mathbf{fridge},\mathbf{p}} = \sum_{\mathbf{i}} \left(\mathbf{EC}_{\mathbf{PJ},\mathbf{fridge},\mathbf{i},\mathbf{p}} \times \frac{\eta_{\mathbf{PJ},\mathbf{fridge},\mathbf{i}}}{\eta_{\mathbf{RE},\mathbf{fridge},\mathbf{i}}} \right) \times \mathbf{EF}_{\mathbf{elec}}$				
$RE_{fridge,p}$: Reference emissions of the fridge showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]				
$EC_{PJ,fridge,i,p}$: Electricity consumption of the project fridge showcase <i>i</i> during the period	1			
$p \; [MWh/p]$				
$\eta_{\rm PJ, fridge, i}$: Energy efficiency of the project fridge showcase <i>i</i> in terms of the volume				
[L/W]				
$\eta_{\text{RE,fridge,i}}$: Energy efficiency of the reference fridge showcase <i>i</i> in terms of the				
volume [L/W]				
EF _{elec} : CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity [tCO ₂ /MWh]				
i : Identification number of the fridge showcase [-]				
$\mathbf{RE}_{\mathbf{freezer},\mathbf{p}} = \sum_{\mathbf{i}} \left(\mathbf{EC}_{\mathbf{PJ},\mathbf{freezer},\mathbf{j},\mathbf{p}} \times \frac{\eta_{\mathbf{PJ},\mathbf{freezer},\mathbf{j}}}{\eta_{\mathbf{RE},\mathbf{freezer},\mathbf{j}}} \right) \times \mathbf{EF}_{\mathbf{elec}}$				
$\sum_{j} \left(\frac{DOP_{j,treezer,j,p}}{\eta_{RE,freezer,j}} \right) \wedge DP_{elec}$				
$RE_{freezer,p}$: Reference emissions of the freezer showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]				
$EC_{PJ,freezer,j,p}$: Electricity consumption of the project freezer showcase <i>j</i> during the period	d			
<i>p</i> [MWh/p]				

	Energy efficiency of the project freezer showcase <i>j</i> in terms of the volume L/W]		
$\eta_{\text{RE,freezer,j}}$: Energy efficiency of the reference freezer showcase <i>j</i> in terms of the volume [L/W]			
	CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity [tCO ₂ /MWh]		
j :	Identification number of the freezer showcase [-]		
	$RE_{AC,add,fridge,p} = EC_{RE,AC,add,fridge,p} \times EF_{elec}$		
	$EC_{RE,AC,add,fridge,p} = \sum_{i} EH_{RE,fridge,i,p} \times \frac{1}{\eta_{RE,AC}}$		
	$EH_{RE,fridge,i,p} = HG_{RE,fridge,i,p} + EC_{RE,fridge,i,p}$		
	$\mathbf{HG}_{\mathbf{RE,fridge,i,p}} = \mathbf{HG}_{\mathbf{PJ,fridge,i,p}}$		
	$\mathbf{HG}_{\mathbf{PJ,fridge,i,p}} = \mathbf{EC}_{\mathbf{PJ,fridge,i,p}} \times \eta_{\mathbf{PJ,fridge,cap,i}}$		
	$\mathbf{EC}_{\mathbf{RE,fridge,i,p}} = \mathbf{EC}_{\mathbf{PJ,fridge,i,p}} \times \frac{\eta_{\mathbf{PJ,fridge,i}}}{\eta_{\mathbf{RE,fridge,i}}}$		
RE _{AC,add,fridge,p}	: Reference emissions of the air conditioning system caused by the		
	electricity consumption due to exhaust heat from the reference fridge		
	showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]		
EC _{RE,AC,add,fridge,J}	: Electricity consumption of the reference air conditioning system due		
	to exhaust heat from the reference fridge showcase during the period p		
	[MWh/p]		
EF _{elec}	: CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity [tCO ₂ /MWh]		
EH _{RE,fridge,i,p}	: Amount of exhaust heat from the reference fridge showcase <i>i</i> during		
	the period p [MWh/p]		
$\eta_{ m RE,AC}$: COP of the reference air conditioning system [-]		
HG _{RE,fridge,i,p}	: Amount of cooling energy generated by the reference fridge showcase		
	<i>i</i> during the period <i>p</i> [MWh/p]		
HG _{PJ,fridge,i,p}	: Amount of cooling energy generated by the project fridge showcase i		
	during the period <i>p</i> [MWh/p]		
EC _{RE,fridge,i,p}	: Electricity consumption of the reference fridge showcase i during the		
	period p [MWh/p]		
EC _{PJ,fridge,i,p}	: Electricity consumption of the project fridge showcase <i>i</i> during the		
	period p [MWh/p]		
$\eta_{ ext{PJ,fridge,cap,i}}$: Energy efficiency of the project fridge showcase i in terms of the		
	cooling capacity [W/W]		
$\eta_{ ext{PJ,fridge,i}}$: Energy efficiency of the project fridge showcase <i>i</i> in terms of the		
n jjinugeji			

	volume [L/W]
$\eta_{ ext{RE,fridge,i}}$: Energy efficiency of the reference fridge showcase i in terms of the volume [L/W]
i	: Identification number of the fridge showcase [-]
	$RE_{AC,add,freezer,p} = EC_{RE,AC,add,freezer,p} \times EF_{elec}$
	$EC_{RE,AC,add,freezer,p} = \sum_{j} EH_{RE,freezer,j,p} \times \frac{1}{\eta_{RE,AC}}$
	$EH_{RE,freezer,j,p} = HG_{RE,freezer,j,p} + EC_{REfreezer,j,p}$
	$HG_{RE,freezer,j,p} = HG_{PJ,freezer,j,p}$
	$\mathbf{HG}_{\mathbf{PJ},\mathbf{freezer},\mathbf{j},\mathbf{p}} = \mathbf{EC}_{\mathbf{PJ},\mathbf{freezer},\mathbf{j},\mathbf{p}} \times \eta_{\mathbf{PJ},\mathbf{freezer},\mathbf{cap},\mathbf{j}}$
	$EC_{RE, freezer, j, p} = EC_{PJ, freezer, j, p} \times \frac{\eta_{PJ, freezer, j}}{\eta_{RE, freezer, j}}$
RE _{AC,add,freezer,p}	: Reference emissions of the air conditioning system caused by the
	electricity consumption due to exhaust heat from the reference freezer
	showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]
EC _{RE,AC,add,freezer,p}	: Electricity consumption of the reference air conditioning system due
	to exhaust heat from the reference freezer showcase during the period p
	[MWh/p]
EF _{elec}	: CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity [tCO ₂ /MWh]
EH _{RE,freezer,j,p}	: Amount of exhaust heat from the reference freezer showcase j during
	the period p [MWh/p]
$\eta_{ m RE,AC}$: COP of the reference air conditioning system [-]
HG _{RE,freezer,j,p}	: Amount of cooling energy generated by the reference freezer
	showcase <i>j</i> during the period <i>p</i> [MWh/p]
HG _{PJ,freezer,j,p}	: Amount of cooling energy generated by the project freezer showcase j
	during the period <i>p</i> [MWh/p]
EC _{RE,freezer,j,p}	: Electricity consumption of the reference freezer showcase <i>j</i> during the
7.0	period <i>p</i> [MWh/p]
EC _{PJ,freezer,j,p}	: Electricity consumption of the project freezer showcase <i>j</i> during the
	period <i>p</i> [MWh/p]
$\eta_{ ext{PJ,freezer,cap,j}}$: Energy efficiency of the project freezer showcase j in terms of the
	cooling capacity [W/W]
$\eta_{ ext{PJ,freezer,j}}$: Energy efficiency of the project freezer showcase j in terms of the volume [L/W]
$\eta_{ ext{RE,freezer,j}}$: Energy efficiency of the reference freezer showcase j in terms of the

volume [L/W]

: Identification number of the freezer showcase [-]

G. Calculation of project emissions

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j

$PE_p = PE_{fridge,p} + PE_{freezer,p}$				
PE _p	: Project emissions during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]			
PE _{fridge,p}	: Project emissions of the fridge showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]			
PE _{freezer,p}	: Project emissions of the freezer showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]			
	$PE_{fridge,p} = \sum_{i} (EC_{PJ,fridge,i,p}) \times EF_{elec}$			
PE _{fridge,p}	: Project emissions of the project fridge showcase during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]			
E.C.	-			
EC _{PJ,fridge,i,p}	: Electricity consumption of the project fridge showcase <i>i</i> during the period			
	<i>p</i> [MWh/p]			
EF _{elec}	: CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity [tCO ₂ /MWh]			
i	: Identification number of the fridge showcase [-]			
	$PE_{freezer,p} = \sum_{j} (EC_{PJ,freezer,j,p}) \times EF_{elec}$			
PE _{freezer,p}	: Project emissions of the project freezer showcase during the period p			
	[tCO ₂ /p]			
EC _{PJ,freezer,j,p}	: Electricity consumption of the project freezer showcase <i>j</i> during the period			
	<i>p</i> [MWh/p]			
EF _{elec}	: CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity [tCO ₂ /MWh]			
j	: Identification number of the freezer showcase [-]			

H. Calculation of emissions reductions

	$ER_{p} = RE_{p} - PE_{p}$	
ERp	: Emissions reductions during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]	

REp	: Reference emissions during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]
PEp	: Project emissions during the period p [tCO ₂ /p]

I. Data and parameters fixed *ex ante*

The source of each data and parameter fixed *ex ante* is listed as below.

Parameter	Description of Data		Source
$\eta_{ ext{RE,fridge,i}}$	RE,fridge,i Energy efficiency of the reference fridge showcase i in terms of the volume. -Reach-in showcase		Nominal value available on product catalogs, specification
			documents or
	Range of volume (L)	Energy efficiency (L/W)	websites.
	z < 900	<u>1.27</u> 1.18	
	$900 \le z < 1,200$	<u>1.94</u> 1.07	The default values are
	$1,200 \leq z$	<u>2.43</u> 2.24	derived from the result
			of survey on energy
	-Open showcase		efficiency of fridge
	Range of volume (L)	Energy efficiency (L/W)	showcase from
	z < 900	<u>0.54</u> 0.50	manufacturers well
	$900 \le z < 1,200$	<u>0.68</u> 0.65	known in the market.
	$1,200 \leq z$	<u>0.61</u> 0.73	The default values
	When multiple types of sl and Walk-in) are connected energy efficiency of Reac selected according to the capacity (watt) of all show corresponding to the "Ran	total sum of rated cooling wcases connected nge of volume" in the table.	should be revised if necessary from survey result which is conducted by JC or project participants- every three years.
$\eta_{\mathrm{RE,freezer,j}}$	Energy efficiency of the r	eference freezer showcase j	Nominal value
	in terms of the volume. -Reach-in showcase Range of volume (L) Energy efficiency (L/W) z < 900 0.540.70		available on product catalogs, specification
			documents or
			websites.

	$900 \le z < 1,200$	<u>0.82</u> 0.70	The default values are
	$1,200 \leq z$	<u>0.84</u> 1.01	derived from the result
			of survey on energy
			efficiency of fridge
			showcase from
			manufacturers well
			known in the market.
			The default values
			should be revised if
			necessary from survey
			result which is
			conducted by JC or
			project participants-
			every three years.
$\eta_{ m PJ,fridge,cap,i}$	Energy efficiency of the p	project fridge showcase <i>i</i> in	The specifications of
	terms of the cooling capac	city.	the project fridge
	The value of rated cooling	g capacity (watt) and rated	showcase and
	electricity consumption (v	watt) used in calculation of	condensing unit for
energy efficiency prepared by manufacturer is		d by manufacturer is	quotation or the
	applied.		factory acceptance test
			data by manufacturer.
	When multiple showcases	s are connected to a	
	condensing unit, the energ	gy efficiency is calculated as	
	a ratio between the total s	um of rated cooling capacity	
(watt) of all showcas		onnected and the rated	
	electricity consumption (v	watt) of condensing unit.	
$\eta_{\mathrm{PJ,fridge,i}}$	Energy efficiency of the p	project fridge showcase i in	The specifications of
	terms of the volume.		the project fridge
	The value of rated volume	e (liter) and rated electricity	showcase and
	consumption (watt) used	in calculation of energy	condensing unit for
	efficiency prepared by manufacturer is applied. When multiple showcases are connected to a		quotation or the
			factory acceptance test
			data by manufacturer.
	condensing unit, the energy	gy efficiency is calculated as	
	a ratio between the total s	um of rated volume (liter)	
	of all showcases connected and the rated electricity		
	consumption (watt) of con	ndensing unit.	

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$\eta_{ m PJ, freezer, cap, i}$	Energy efficiency of the project freezer showcase j in	The specifications of
	terms of the cooling capacity.	the project fridge
	The value of rated cooling capacity (watt) and rated	showcase for quotation
	electricity consumption (watt) used in calculation of	or the factory
	energy efficiency prepared by manufacturer is	acceptance test data by
	applied.	manufacturer.
	When multiple showcases are connected to a	
	condensing unit, the energy efficiency is calculated as	
	a ratio between the total sum of rated cooling capacity	
	(watt) of all showcases connected and the rated	
	electricity consumption (watt) of condensing unit.	
$\eta_{ m PJ, freezer, j}$	Energy efficiency of the project freezer showcase j in	The specifications of
	terms of the volume.	the project fridge
	The value of rated volume (liter) and rated electricity	showcase for quotation
	consumption (watt) used in calculation of energy	or the factory
	efficiency prepared by manufacturer is applied.	acceptance test data by
		manufacturer.
	When multiple showcases are connected to a	
	condensing unit, the energy efficiency is calculated as	
	a ratio between the total sum of rated volume (liter)	
	of all showcases connected and the rated electricity	
	consumption (watt) of condensing unit.	
EF_{elec}	CO ₂ emission factor for consumed electricity.	[Grid electricity]
	When project air conditioning system consumes only	The data is sourced
	grid electricity or captive electricity, the project	from "Emission
	participant applies the CO ₂ emission factor	Factors of Electricity
	respectively.	Interconnection
	When project air conditioning system may consume	Systems", National
	both grid electricity and captive electricity, the project	Committee on Clean
	participant applies the CO ₂ emission factor with	Development
	lower value.	Mechanism
		(Indonesian DNA for
	[CO ₂ emission factor]	CDM), based on data
	For grid electricity: The most recent value available	obtained by
	from the source stated in this table at the time of	Directorate General of
	validation	Electricity, Ministry of

	For captive electricity: 0.8* [*The most recent value availa approved small scale method time of validation is applied.	able from CDM	Energy and Mineral Resources, Indonesia, unless otherwise instructed by the Joint Committee. [Captive electricity] CDM approved small scale methodology AMS-I.A
η _{RE,AC}	Default COP values of the ref system. If multiple types of air condit different cooling capacity, wh COP values, are found in the value of COP is selected. When an air conditioning sys value than that of the reference corresponding cooling capaci installed at the project site, η COP value of installed one. Default COP ¹ o Air Conditioning S Cooling Capacity [kW] 2.5 < x ≤ 4.1 4.1 < x ≤ 5.3 5.3 < x ≤ 7.1 7.1 < x ≤ 14.2 Cooling Capacity[kW] 2.6 < x ≤ 5.6	ioning system with thich means different project site, the highest tem with higher COP ce COP with ty set in the table is RE,AC is revised to the f Reference ystem ($\eta_{RE,AC}$) Reference COP 4.00 3.59 2.96 2.85 Reference COP 3.83	The latest version of approved JCM methodology ID_AM004
	$5.6 \le x \le 6.8$ $6.8 \le x \le 12.5$ $12.5 \le x \le 14.1$ 1 The default COP values may be of the approved JCM methodological structure of the approved structure of the approved JCM methodological structure of the approved structure of the approximate of the		

History of the document

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Version	Date	Contents revised
<u>03.0</u>	TBD	TBD
02.0	10 November 2015	 Revisions to: Change the description of Criterion 3 in Section D; and Change the description of "Measurement methods and procedures" for the electricity consumption of the project fridge showcases and the project freezer showcases in the Monitoring Spreadsheet.
01.0	18 May 2015	JC4, Annex 3 Initial approval.