

**Joint Crediting Mechanism Approved Methodology CL\_AM001  
“Installation of Solar PV System”**

**A. Title of the methodology**

Installation of Solar PV System, Version 02.0

**B. Terms and definitions**

Terms	Definitions
Solar photovoltaic (PV) system	An electricity generation system which converts sunlight into electricity by the use of photovoltaic (PV) modules. The system also includes ancillary equipment such as inverters required to change the electrical current from direct current (DC) to alternating current (AC).

**C. Summary of the methodology**

Items	Summary
<i>GHG emission reduction measures</i>	Displacement of grid electricity and/or captive electricity using fossil fuel as power source by installation and operation of the solar PV system(s).
<i>Calculation of reference emissions</i>	Reference emissions are calculated on the basis of the AC output of the solar PV system(s) multiplied by either; 1) conservative emission factor of the grid, or 2) conservative emission factor of the captive diesel power generator.
<i>Calculation of project emissions</i>	Project emissions are the emissions from the solar PV system(s), which are assumed to be zero.
<i>Monitoring parameters</i>	The quantity of the electricity generated by the project solar PV system(s)

**D. Eligibility criteria**

This methodology is applicable to projects that satisfy all of the following criteria.

Criterion 1	The project newly installs solar PV system(s).
Criterion 2	The PV modules are certified for design qualifications (IEC 61215, IEC 61646 or IEC 62108) and safety qualification (IEC 61730-1 and IEC 61730-2).
Criterion 3	The equipment used for monitoring output power of the solar PV system(s) and irradiance is installed at the project site.

## E. Emission Sources and GHG types

Reference emissions	
Emission sources	GHG types
Consumption of grid and/or captive electricity	CO <sub>2</sub>
Project emissions	
Emission sources	GHG types
Generation of electricity from solar PV system(s)	N/A

## F. Establishment and calculation of reference emissions

### F.1. Establishment of reference emissions

The default emission factor is set in a conservative manner for the Chilean regional grids: the National Electricity System (SEN), the Aysén system, and the Magallanes system.

The emission factor is calculated based on the conservative operating margin that reflects on the latest electricity mix including low cost/must run resources for each regional grid in Chile during 2016-2018 and refers to the conservative emission factor of each fossil fuel power plant in order to secure net emission reductions. The conservative emission factor of each plant is calculated to be 0.826 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh for coal-fired power plant and 0.364 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh for gas-fired power plant based on the survey on heat efficiency of power plant in Chile. The emission factor for diesel power plant is calculated to be 0.533 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh based on a default heat efficiency of 49%, an efficiency level which is above the value of the world's leading diesel power generators.

In case the solar PV system(s) in a proposed project activity is directly connected or connected via an internal grid, not connecting to a captive power generator, to a regional grid (PV Case 1), the value of operating margin including LCMR resources, using the best heat efficiency

among currently operational plants in Chile in calculating emission factors of fossil fuel power plants, is applied. The emission factors to be applied in this case are shown as “PV Case 1” in section I of this methodology.

In the case the solar PV system(s) in a proposed project activity is connected to an internal grid connecting to both a regional grid and a captive power generator (PV Case 2), the lower value between emission factors shown as “PV Case 1” in section I of this methodology and the conservative emission factor of diesel-fired power plant of 0.533 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh is applied. The emission factors to be applied in this case are shown as “PV Case 2” in section I of this methodology.

In the case that the solar PV system(s) in a proposed project activity is connected to an internal grid only connecting to a captive power generator (PV Case 3), the emission factor of a diesel generator calculated by applying the heat efficiency of 49%, an efficiency level which is above the value of the world’s leading diesel generator, which is set to 0.533 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh, is applied.

The emission factors to be applied in each case are shown in Section I. Data and parameters fixed ex ante of this methodology.

## F.2. Calculation of reference emissions

$$RE_p = \sum_i (EG_{i,p} \times EF_{RE,i})$$

RE<sub>p</sub> : Reference emissions during the period *p* [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]

EG<sub>i,p</sub> : Quantity of the electricity generated by the project solar PV system *i* during the period *p* [MWh/p]

EF<sub>RE,i</sub> : Reference emission factor of the project solar PV system *i* [tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh]

## G. Calculation of project emissions

$$PE_p = 0$$

PE<sub>p</sub> : Project emissions during the period *p* [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]

## H. Calculation of emissions reductions

$ER_p = RE_p - PE_p$ $= RE_p$
<p><math>ER_p</math> : Emission reductions during the period <math>p</math> [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]</p> <p><math>RE_p</math> : Reference emissions during the period <math>p</math> [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]</p> <p><math>PE_p</math> : Project emissions during the period <math>p</math> [tCO<sub>2</sub>/p]</p>

## I. Data and parameters fixed *ex ante*

The source of each data and parameter fixed *ex ante* is listed as below.

Parameter	Description of data	Source										
$EF_{RE,i}$	<p>Reference emission factor of the regional grid and/or captive power generator which is displaced by the project solar PV system <math>i</math>.</p> <p>The value for <math>EF_{RE,i}</math> is selected from the list of emission factors in the following manner:</p> <p><u>PV Case 1:</u> In case the solar PV system(s) in a proposed project activity is connected to a regional grid including through internal grid which is not connected to a captive power generator, <math>EF_{RE,i}</math> is set as follows per the connected regional grid:</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>Regional grid name:</td> <td>Emission factor for PV</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Case 1:</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SEN (National System)</td> <td>0.404 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Aysén System</td> <td>0.176 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Magallanes System</td> <td>0.361 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh</td> </tr> </table> <p><u>PV Case 2:</u> In case the solar PV system(s) in a proposed project activity is connected to an internal grid connected to both a regional grid and a captive power generator, <math>EF_{RE,i}</math> is set as follows per the connected regional grid:</p>	Regional grid name:	Emission factor for PV		Case 1:	SEN (National System)	0.404 tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	Aysén System	0.176 tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	Magallanes System	0.361 tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	<p>The default emission factor is obtained from a study of electricity systems in Chile and the most efficient diesel power generator (49% heat efficiency).</p> <p>The default value is revised if deemed necessary by the JC.</p>
Regional grid name:	Emission factor for PV											
	Case 1:											
SEN (National System)	0.404 tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh											
Aysén System	0.176 tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh											
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